

J. E. MURPHY

LEADER OF FINE GOODS

AND LOW PRICES.

Has many lines of Goods that must be sold before laying in SPRING STOCK.

And in order to do this I will make a cleansweep of all winter goods and odds and ends that have accumulated during the rush for the last sixty days.

Many Lines will be Sold at Cost.

And less than Cost. Don't fail to see my stock if you want GOOD GOODS AT LOW PRICES.

J. E. MURPHY, West Side Public Square, Gainesville, Ga.

PHYSICIANS.
DR. N. F. HOWARD,
Physician and Surgeon,
Dahlonega, Georgia.

OFFERS his services to the citizens of Dahlonega and the surrounding country. Calls promptly responded to.
Feb. 28, '95.

DR. C. H. JONES,
Physician and Surgeon,
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DR. H. C. WHEELER,
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Offers his professional services to the people of Dahlonega and surrounding country. Will answer to calls at all hours. Office out on the public square. Calls day or night promptly attended to and charges reasonable. Feb. 28, '95.

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Offers his Professional Services to the citizens of Dahlonega and the surrounding country. Feb. 28, '95.

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COLLECTIONS attended to and remittances promptly made. Taxes for non-residents attended to. We possess unusual facilities for reporting on Land Titles and furnishing abstracts. Fees reasonable, and correspondence solicited.
Feb. 28, '95.

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Attorney at Law
And Real Estate Agent,
Dahlonega, Ga.

AGENT for the National Guaranty Company. Bonds made for Public and Corporation officers. Correspondence Solicited.
Nov. 13, '91.

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All graduates when competent. No charge made for our services. No vacation. School open the entire year. Students can enter at any time.

BUSINESS MEN MEETING RELIABLE ASSISTANTS CAN BE SUPPLIED BY ADDRESSING THE SCHOOL.
LARGEST and BEST COLLEGE HALLS in the SOUTH. Many of our graduates are teachers in different business colleges throughout the South.

We absolutely guarantee to give superior instruction in each department of this Institution.

We have teachers of NATIONAL REPUTATION. PRACTICAL TEACHERS. COMPETENT TRACHERS. Holders of State Diplomas from all other teachers' colleges.

For full information, address
SULLIVAN & JOHNSON,
Proprietors,
April, 6.

Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder
World's Fair Highest Award.

J. E. MURPHY

Has many lines of Goods that must be sold before laying in SPRING STOCK.

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Dorothy's Match-Making.

By VICTOR MITCHELL.

We had been wandering in search of health and pleasure, over the vast areas of Europe for nearly a year my wife of a twelvemonth and I. Overcome by heart-lounging for a certain appreciations villa among the hills, Dorothy stipulated, however that we should remain at Cologne a few days, in order that she might view the sights in a less hurried fashion.

It was the morning of the third day of our stay under the wings of the quaint Cathedral City. The weather had, ever since our arrival at the Hotel de la Normandie, cast down upon Cologne the vials of its wrath, and a steady downpour, having first turned the streets into rivers, ended by swelling the Rhine into a turbid sea.

It was, therefore, without surprise that, on entering our small sitting-room, I beheld my wife going with disconcerted eyes through the window, and heard her say, with a suspicion of tears in her voice: "Jack, you positively must do something in the way of inter-entertainment for me to day. I decline to be left up within the four walls of this house until evening, with no other excitement than to count the customers at the milliner's across the way, or to flatten my nose against the window-pane in vain efforts to discover a glimpse of the sky."

I glanced, helplessly, at the driving rain, which was "pounding" in torrents against the diamond glass of the casement, and (risking, like a young Niagara, from the caves of the roof.

The sound of voices, raised in angry altercation below, now attracted our attention, and with one accord we gazed through the window.

Directly beneath us was the carriage, which had come to a halt in front of the hotel, and standing on the sidewalk, engaged in animated discussion with the driver of the vehicle, was a pompous-looking woman of some fifty years. She wore a heavy rain-coat, which completely enveloped her ample form, but her face, which was very red, fairly bristled with rage as she expressed, with all the emphatic gestures of a French woman, her protest against an exorbitant fare.

Beside this florid-visaged dwager, timidly holding an umbrella over her head, stood a young lady of (may be) eighteen years: a typical Parisienne from the tips of her dainty shoes to the pert little

black turban which crowned her pretty head, and whose crimson feathers became so well her dark complexion.

"Oh!" cried Dorothy, delightedly "an excellent French scoundrel! a genuine French scoundrel at our very doors. Now guests at the table (probably new toilettes, and possible a charming gossip with that young girl after dinner."

My wife looked radiant. "It takes very little to entertain women," I retorted. "Those people do not interest me in the least. No doubt they are some honest trades people off for a holiday."

"Jack," came the answer uttered with angelic sweetness, "there are some matters which are not easily comprehended by the finite mind of man—but for me, I am satisfied. Tomorrow I can wear my new pink waist and be sure of it being appreciated."

Dorothy, shooting a mischievous glance at me from under her long lashes, patted me on the shoulder and disappeared behind the crimson curtain which divided our parlor and bed-room.

My wife was doomed to disappointment, for we saw no sign of the newly arrived guests at dinner, nor did we hear any further proof of their presence under the roof of "La Normandie," until, as we seated ourselves at the little square supper table, I was accosted in a whisper by Alphonse, our faithful waiter.

"World Monsieur object, would madame be inconvenienced, if he should lay covers at the table for two ladies? Charming people, Madame la Comtesse de la Salle and made-moiselle, her daughter."

Dorothy clasped her hands in a little flutter of excitement, and took the words of consent from my mouth.

"Certainly, Alphonse we have no objection; lay the covers, by all means."

"How charming!" she whispered behind her table-napkin, as the discreet servant retired: "a real live countess! Think of it! You and I, just plain, every-day Americans, with not even a Bostonian among our relations, to consort in this homely and informal fashion, with nobility! Am I pale with awe, Jack? Tell me."

Then, not waiting for me to reply, she surreptitiously squeezed my hand under cover of the table, and repeated: "Isn't it charming?"

VICTORS are Standard Value.



The standard price of Victor Bicycles is \$25.00. No deviation, and Victor riders are guaranteed against cut rates during the current year.

OVERMAN WHEEL CO.

BOSTON, NEW YORK, PHILADELPHIA, CHICAGO, SAN FRANCISCO, DETROIT.

I measure exactly six feet without my shoes and weigh 180 pounds. Nevertheless, in spite of my great stature, I promptly and unhesitatingly agreed with her and declared that it "was simply glorious." And so we waited, in breathless suspense, for the arrival of the dowager and her pretty daughter.

There remained but one more of pate upon my plate, and Dorothy's face had lost its hopeful expression, when, hearing quite a commotion near the door, we turned and beheld, just entering the room, like Bonaparte leading his troops to battle, our waiter—Alphonse.

Closely followed him, with the step of a grenadier, arrayed in all the formidable finery of black satin and diamonds, came Madame la Comtesse de la Salle. Her white hair was parted primly in the middle of her forehead, and was drawn into two little sausage-shaped curls on either side of her face, which Dorothy (afterwards said, reminded her of quotation marks, and this imposing person was crowned by a magnificent tiara.

In her hand she carried a large black fan, which she waved to and fro as she walked, and it added much to the splendor of her appearance.

Like a small star, in the wake of this resplendent countess, whose satin fall swept the waxed floor for a good half yard, came the daughter. To say that Felicie de la Salle was pretty would be to do her a rank injustice. Her magnificent dark eyes shone like jewels, and set off to rich advantage her olive complexion—that complexion which reminds one of the Orient, or a sun-kissed peach. Whatever else she might be in character, there was no denying her beauty of face or figure, though she was petite rather than tall, and in no one point did she resemble her gorgeous mother, of whom she was evidently much afraid.

With the good-natured affability of a man who is always happy when his wife is amused, I dallied over the remaining morsels of pate on my plate, that Dorothy might have the opportunity she coveted, of opening amenities with the countess and made-moiselle. It afforded me considerable entertainment to watch the attitude of the three women towards each other.

Madame—pompous, swelling with self-appreciation, desiring to patronize, but alarmed lest she descend too much.

Mademoiselle—timid, but readily recognizing the friendly spirit of the young girl who faced her, and anxious to reciprocate, yet quailing beneath the glance of her dominating mamma's eye.

Dorothy—a thorough-bred American, full of subtle coqueries of manner, graceful, engaging, not too forward, but perfectly self-possessed, and, as I observed her gracious inclination of the head, on rising from the table, I could not help comparing very favorably my little Jersey Queen with the "nobility" who responded by a rather formal bow.

It was a week later, and during that time the acquaintance between Felicie and my wife, which had begun in passing little side glances at the table, had ripened into confidential chats, held in the

rather impatiently, my wives hand. "Oh, dear!" sobbed she, throwing herself, like a frightened child, on the bed, and burying her pretty face in the pillow—"I meant to do right, and I've gone wrong—and Jack does not love me any more!"

I turned at once, and running to her, lifted her little head to my shoulder, kissed over and over again the tear-stained cheeks. "Never mind," I exclaimed, "if ten Napoleons enabled you to unite two loving hearts, let us say no more about it, but leave Monsieur Vigout to do the regretting—for a sweetheart which Dorothy has robbed him. 'I think, though, that in order to insure the payment of our hotel bill, and to prevent absolute bankruptcy, I will relieve you of the care of those other ten Napoleons.'" I added, laughing, and placing the money in my purse.

It was some inward misgivings that my wife and I descended to the salle a-manger that evening. The consciousness that Felicie's flight might have been discovered already by the countess, and the possibility of her suspecting Dorothy as a probably, accomplice, made me very dubious about the propriety of exposing that little schemer to her parental rage. To my great relief, however, no one occupied the seat at the head of the table, and in reply to my studiously careless question, Alphonse replied: "Madame has a severe headache, she has been confined to her room all the afternoon."

We did not sleep very well that night. Visions of what was in store for us at breakfast haunted my dreams, and when we took our seats at the table, it was with the stern resolve to bear ourselves with the dignity of independent Americans, and to meet, unflinchingly, the angry woman, who might at any moment burst upon us like a thunder-cloud.

Behind the table, affable, smiling as ever, stood Alphonse, unsmiling in demeanor, faultlessly grammatical in his French, and positively courteous as to attitude.

"Madame 'sill indisposed'" I inquired, unable to restrain my curiosity, but lacking the courage to mention Felicie.

The discreet waiter hesitated, then anticipating the "Americano tip," which he had learned to expect, he bent low and whispered in my ear:

"Al! monseigneur, there is a great trouble this morning. Madame has left without paying her bill. Mademoiselle must have gone in advance of her mother, but not one thing remains in their rooms. Monsieur Dremmel is in despair. He has applied to the police."

Dorothy gazed at me in speechless horror. The fork, which she held poised in mid-air, over her plate, dropped with a loud clatter on the china, and her hand fell helplessly at her side.

"Oh, Jack!" she exclaimed, excitedly, after a moment of utter silence, during which time I was bidding a mental farewell to the ten Napoleons, "is it possible I have been deceived? I will not believe it. There must be some dreadful mistake."

"There is my dear," I replied, biting the ends of my moustache, and we made it.

Two days later, as we stood by the "window of our small sitting-room, waiting somewhat impatiently for the arrival of the countess which should convey us to the depot, the door of the apartment was unceremoniously thrown open, and Monsieur Dremmel, in a state of great excitement, which, for once, had caused him to forget his courtesy, burst in upon us.

His face was the color of chalk, and he bore in his grasp a newspaper, which he thrust into my hand, pointing, with a not over-clear forefinger, to an article headed: "Brought to Justice!"

"Read!" he cried, "read! Ah! the miserable impostors!" I followed the direction of his finger, but, alas! the difficulties of translation were too much for me. It was a German newspaper, and my education had only included French.

Monsieur Dremmel was equal to the occasion; with his voice pitched to a key that would have been a fortune to a chorister boy, he translated it glibly into his own tongue, and gave it to us as follows:

STREASBOURG, September 2. This morning, as the early train from Cologne entered the station, there stepped from the cars a lordly, portly woman of fine appearance, and a charming companion of tender years, both of them being well and tastefully dressed. To the great amazement of their fellow-passengers, two detectives (who had evidently been waiting for them to appear) immediately placed them under arrest. We have been able to learn that the elder woman is the well-known millionaire in Paris and the young girl is her daughter—extremely clever, said-ers, both of them.

The countess, as assumed by Madame Artois is that of a countess or some other member of a royal family, which character, owing to her fine appearance, she is able to personate to perfection. As Monsieur Dremmel finished reading, the sound of heavy wheels approaching announced the arrival of the stage which was to convey us to the depot.

I extended my hand, smiling. "You have my most sincere sympathy," I murmured, "and my wife regrets, as much as I do, that you should have been so unfortunate."

Monsieur Dremmel, at Dorothy, who, in her faultlessly cut traveling gown of dark blue serge, and little straw hat of the same shade, looked what she was—a lady, every inch of her.

"Ah!" he signed, clasping his fat hands together pathetically, "if only all my patrons were Americans! I would gladly resign myself to the absence of nobility."

Dorothy settled herself very comfortably in the cushioned seat of the railway carriage, but as the train slowly emerged from the depot she turned towards me a most pensive face.

"Jack," whispered she, "I shall never try match-making again. Do you think—Do you feel quite sure that in spite of it all, you can forgive me?"

And Jack said he could,—Home and Country.

A Great Success.

The recent change made by the New York World in issuing two papers a week in place of one is meeting with great success. The people appreciate the change, and are taking advantage of it. Why pay a dollar a year for a weekly paper when you can get the New York World twice a week for the same price? Keep informed of what is going on in the world, get the latest news in your own country. Cologne is now in season. Every moment will be of the greatest value. Keep up to the minute by reading the TWICE-A-WEEK WORLD—two papers a week—104 papers a year for only \$1.00. Arrangements have been made by which we will give the Sunday and the Twice-a-Week World for \$1.05 a year. Take advantage of this offer and get your own paper and the Twice-a-Week World at this special rate.

THE ADVERTISER FOR 1895.

MORNING, EVENING, SUNDAY AND WEEKLY EDITIONS.

Aggressive Republican Journals of the Highest Class.

Commercial Advertiser. Established in 1797. Published every evening. New York's oldest evening newspaper. Subscription price, \$5.00.

Morning Advertiser. Published every morning. The leading Republican newspaper of the day. Clean and festive. Subscription price, \$3 per year.

Sunday Advertiser. New York's most popular Sunday newspaper. The only Republican second class paper in the United States. 30 pages. Subscription price, \$1 per year.

As an Advertising Medium The Advertiser has no superiors.

Sample copies free. Agents wanted everywhere. Address THE ADVERTISER, New York.

Jan. 4, 94. 1m 1y.

Agents profit per month. Forth. New Articles just out. A \$1.50 sample and subscription price, \$3 per year.

USE BARNES' INK. A. S. BARNES & CO., 56, 10th St., N. Y.

Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder Most Perfect Made.

A vertical strip of aged, yellowed paper with a rough, torn edge, showing signs of wear and discoloration. The paper has a mottled appearance with various shades of tan and brown, and the right edge is irregular and frayed.

Dahlonega Signal.

DABLONEGA, JAN. 25, 1895.

Houses are in demand now.

Mr. V. A. Higgins, of Auraria, paid us a visit this week.

The darkeys of Dahlonega still keep up their holiday dances.

Hardie Perden killed a wild turkey near town last Monday.

Cigars—nicest lot in town, at W. B. Woodward's.

Rev. W. A. Parks says he used to read the SIGNAL thirty years ago.

Some rich discoveries are being made at the Lockhart mine within the past few days.

Miss Euna Boardfield, of Dahlonega, spent several days last week with friends in the country.

Our tax collector will commence the registration of votes in Lumpkin county at an early day.

A farmer was unable Saturday to sell pork at five cents a pound and had to carry it back home.

Mr. Wm. Tolbert is now ditch walker on the one running from Dahlonega to the mines near Auraria.

We are informed that the Atlanta Journal now has a reliable Dahlonega correspondent—Rev. W. A. Parks.

Mr. Barlow Anderson, who was teaching school in the Warwick house, has moved it to the Meaders house, beyond the colored M. E. Church.

We are glad to state that Mrs. James Huff, of Half Way, who has been lying almost at the point of death for some days, is a little better.

Mr. David Roe, who went from Dawson county to Texas thirteen years ago, is on a visit to friends and relatives in Dahlonega. He will return to Texas next week.

A voting machine has been invented by a man in New York that can be run without liquor. Our ordinary school order 15—one for each precinct in Lumpkin county.

Judge Williams has been engaged a portion of the week visiting afflicted widows in the country who were unable to come to town, for the purpose of fixing up their pension papers.

NOTICE.—All persons indebted to the firm of Crenshaw & Co., or to A. B. Crenshaw are requested to make immediate settlements with A. B. Crenshaw.

Jan. 4, 4t New Bridge, Ga.

We are informed that work will commence next Monday morning in cleaning out the old ditch from the Wimpy lot, recently purchased by Mr. Murray, so as to supply his mine on the Yaholwa with the requisite amount of water.

Messrs. Moore, Harris and Clemens, who had the Proacher lot, recently sold, leased, are cleaning up some remnants of ore this week, preparatory for operation to commence next week under its new management.

Mr. Howard has just received another nice lot of pecans from Texas for the purpose of planting. The Doctor will no doubt make a success in the production of this fruit as well as the English walnuts, as he is taking much interest in them.

Chap Bowen was captured in an illicit distillery in White county one day last week, by Deputy Marshal Harrison and brought to town and tried and bound over. It will likely go hand with Chap, as he is out low under a suspended sentence.

We were informed that the Lawrence shump mill, situated in the edge of town, will be moved on the Boyd lot a short distance below town, owned by Mr. Christian Wahl. This is rich property and we expect to hear of good results when they get everything in good working order.

Clara or Ectoria.

Julia E. Winslow, Stafford's P. O. South Carolina, writes: "I had measles and was at once confined to my bed. The sickness was terrible. My son-in-law died of Blood Poison. I had been cured by, and I took Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People. I am now in the best of health and my son-in-law is well."

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People. Sold by all Druggists. Testimonial, Jan. 4.

Oats are killed in this section.

Our devil has gone to gold mining.

Lumpkin county now has forty-two public schools.

Mr. J. E. Howell is prospecting on the Horner property.

Mr. J. W. Walker has sold his house and lot near the cemetery to Mr. J. F. Moore.

Only two out of the eight applicants last Saturday for teachers license were successful in receiving them.

We are informed that Luther Hightower struck a rich vein near his home, in the suburbs of the town, last week.

Jack Strickland's little boy was knocked living for some time last Wednesday by a well windless, while drawing water.

Better look out boys! We have just printed Mayor Harrison one hundred warrants this week that will cost him \$125 extra every time he files one out against you.

Mr. W. W. Price, of Columbia, S. C., one of the former editors of the SIGNAL, writes us that he will visit Dahlonega in the spring. Will own several lots of land in Lumpkin county, and is probably coming over to make a trade.

Every school teacher should furnish the parents of each pupil with a monthly report, so that they will know the progress in school. It would cause the children to attend more regular and learn much faster. We print them nice and neat and as cheap as dirt.

We notice on the register this week of the Hall House C. H. Atkins, Milwaukee; W. E. Ardrey, U. S. Assayer, Charlotte, N. C.; W. M. Curtis, Mining Engineer, Detroit, Mich.; F. L. Kennedy, Philadelphia; Samuel Davis and Chas. Hope, Gainesville.

This is undoubtedly the healthiest country in the world. We know of men living in Lumpkin county that eat a pound of fat bacon every day. So you see a man would starve to death if he had to depend upon selling his patent medicines for a living in this section.

Just before going to press a special act approved Dec. 22, 1887, has been discovered which sets the following officers bonds in Lumpkin county, at the figures named below: Sheriff \$7,000; Clerk \$4,000; Treasurer \$6,000; Coroner \$2,000.

The County School Commissioner was in Dahlonega last Tuesday, paying school teachers a portion of their money for the last quarter of 1894. He was unable to make a final settlement on account of the State School Commissioner sending him a check before the tax collector had deposited the poll taxes collected for Lumpkin in the bank. The amount sent for this payment amounted to something over sixteen hundred dollars. This helped out the poorly paid teachers considerably.

The "Preacher lot" was purchased by Gen. W. W. Murray last week for the sum of \$3,000. This is one of the best gold mining lots in the county and we are proud that the General has succeeded in getting it, for he is better prepared to work it than any one else on account of owning a splendid mill site on the adjoining lot, recently purchased by General Murray from Capt. Hall and Col. Charters, which already has a suitable building erected on it with the things to do with to put in the stamps and set it to moving. The owner has made Mr. J. B. Clements his superintendent, and as soon as the superintendents will have the water on top of the mountain and be washing the rich ore from his valuable lot into the mill on a large scale.

Our county readers will be glad to hear of Mr. Robert Hutchinson boys who went to Arkansas from Auraria some years ago like all young men, to better his condition. A letter from him recently received says he went to Fort Worth, Tex., his present place of abode, for the health of his wife, who was a daughter of Mr. Bud Gaddis, who left Dahlonega quite a number of years ago. But the change did not prove beneficial to his wife's health, and she passed away a year ago. Mr. Hutchinson seems to like the Lone Star State very well.

The two men who came here for the purpose of putting the large new pump at the Findley mine, in running order, returned to their homes this week without being successful. They claim that the foundation upon which the machinery rests has given way and that they cannot put it in motion in this condition. Now it has to be tore up and the whole thing adjusted. It is a powerful piece of machinery and if it does the work claimed by the inventor, it will work a vast amount of money to the owner of the Findley mine in forcing the water on top of the mountain for the successful working of this valuable property.

HOW'S THIS?

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any cure of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Props. Toledo, O.

We the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney for the last 15 years, and he says it cures all Catarrh in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligation made by their firm.

West & Texas Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O.; W. A. Walzing, Kinman & Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Price, 75c per bottle. Sold by all Druggists. Testimonial, Jan. 4.

Two LIVES SAVED.

Mrs. Phoebe Thomas, of Junction City, Ill., was told by her doctor she had Consumption and that there was no hope for her, but two bottles Dr. King's New Discovery completely cured her and she says it saved her life. Mr. Thos. Eggers, 139 Florida St. San Francisco, suffered from a dreadful cold, approaching consumption, tried without result everything else then bought one bottle of Dr. King's New Discovery and in two weeks was cured. He is naturally thin and it is a result of this cure. These are samples, that prove the wonderful efficacy of this cure for coughs and colds. Write at once to Dr. C. C. Parlin, Boston. Regular size 53c, and

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

New assortment of toilet soap at W. B. Woodward's.

Constable Williams is out levying tax & fas.

The fenced around the jail has about rotted down.

The county registers recently appointed by Judge Kinney, were sworn in last Friday.

Some of Dahlonega's young men are using No-to-bac, and find it just about as costly as tobacco.

Mr. James Rice and Co. have resumed work on the Tan Yard Branch on property owned by Col. Price.

Salt rheum will its intense itching, dry, hot skin is cured by Hood's Sarsaparilla, because it purifies the blood.

Some of our citizens are opposed to the registration law because they think it will cost the county a thousand dollars. It will not be near so expensive as this.

It is said that one of our citizens will not subscribe one cent to the railroad until it runs through his property. Suppose every citizen was to decide to do this, would't Dahlonega be a progressive town?

The roads are in a very muddy condition, and it is with much difficulty that our mails get home any more than on time. Thursday of last week the Gainesville & Dahlonega mail didn't reach here until after 7 o'clock.

John Starfield was somewhat surprised when he learned last week that the Nugget had published him as a democrat. Mr. Starfield believes in the populist field too strong to change his politics just now, especially after watching the movements of the present congress whose members are representing themselves in stead of the people.

Mr. John Tate was in Dahlonega last Saturday attending a meeting of the board of education. John says he has decided not to move here for awhile. He and his brother are doing a thriving business at Willow and sell goods much cheaper than they can be had in Dahlonega. The same brand of flower is sold 15 cents cheaper on the sack than in Dahlonega.

Elsewhere will be found a notice from Mayor Harrison requesting persons owning dogs within the corporate limits of Dahlonega to register them by the first day of February. Below we give the dog ordinance: "Upon every person residing in Dahlonega having a dog or dogs running at large, a tax of 50 cents for each male dog and 31 for each female dog, which said tax to be collected as follows, to-wit: Every such owner or keeper of said dog or dogs shall by the first Monday in February of each year return to the Marshal of said dog or dogs, which said Marshal shall enter in a book to be kept for that purpose, which said tax shall be due and payable within 30 days from the date of said return to said Marshal. Whenever such owner or owners of such dog or dogs shall neglect, fail or refuse to return any dog or dogs he or she may have in her possession or refuse to pay the tax after having so returned the same, then, in that event, said Marshal is hereby required to seize said dog or dogs and kill them whenever found beyond the premises of such owner or keeper."

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N. H. Pierce is wearing a broad smile on account of the arrival of a fine boy at his house.

Deputy Marshal Harrison got on the hot track of a woman Saturday night, who was selling liquor near the colored Methodist Church.

We are informed that a certain fellow got drunk in Jones' Creek district a few Sundays ago, and made Jerry Black a pair of pants. We have seen Jerry since, but imagine that they fit nicely.

We are informed that a fellow in Chestate district recently married his own mother-in-law. He certainly has more love for his mother-in-law than the most of men.

Three of Mr. James Gurley's daughters, of Union county, have located in Dahlonega. Some of them will enter college, while one, Miss Lilly, will teach a public school in Hightower district.

Mayor Harrison transacted his first official business last Friday evening. He is determined that violators of the law must be brought to justice, and "those that dance will have to help to pay for the music."

We publish the following letter from Arkansas, thinking that some of our subscribers would like to hear from an old Georgian, who has been in the West more than 40 years. The writer is unknown to us.

CANNON, Ark., Jan. 16, 1895.

RE. MOUNTAIN SIGNAL.

If the SIGNAL is still edited would you be kind enough to send me a few sample copies. I used to read 42 years ago. Left Georgia in '52. Came to Arkansas and have been here ever since. Please send to E. L. Allen, Cannon post office, Benton county, Ark.

Mayor Harrison states that he is determined that all who sell liquor in Dahlonega shall suffer—man, woman or child. He says any one found guilty of this act will be bound over to both the Superior and United States Courts. Herebefore women dealing in liquor have been unmolested by the United States Court, but the Judge has ordered all women heretofore found blocking to be arrested same as men. Mr. Harrison says that he is clothed with sufficient power now and expects to burst up the blind tiger that has been run right in the heart of our town for some time.

The lecture given at the Methodist Church last Friday night, by Rev. W. A. Parks, was largely attended and highly appreciated. Many incidents which occurred at the siege of Vicksburg more than thirty years ago, were related by the lecturer and brought fresh to the minds of the old soldiers as if they had only occurred yesterday. The audience was held spell bound for more than an hour by Mr. Parks in giving a full history of the bloody battle fought at and near Vicksburg which was both instructive and interesting. The sale of tickets amounted to something over sixteen dollars.

Bro. Craig of the Eagle seems to think that there is no chance to get a railroad to Dahlonega from any other place than Gainesville, but the surveyors who have just finished running a line from Lata to Dahlonega, disagree with this enterprising editor. We are truly glad that we live in a place that has more than one way to get in and out of it. We want and need a railroad to Dahlonega and do not care which way it comes. One would have been built from this place to Gainesville many years ago had the citizens of that city reached deep enough into their pockets and assisted Col. Price who almost broke himself up endeavoring to connect the two places together by rail. If the people of Gainesville want the Dahlonega & Gainesville road completed let them show it by putting money into it. It's not too late.

Notice.

All persons indebted to me either by note or open account must come forward and make payments without delay. I must have money to meet my bills in market, as I have indulged you thus long place on—and in pay me without fail.

Respectfully,

B. F. ANDERSON.

Fair Tests

of powder

at in

Royal.

Mr. J. F. Moore made a business trip down into Cowetta last week.

Fish and oysters fresh and nice at W. B. Woodward's every Friday afternoon.

Mr. Leary Potter has associated himself with Mr. McNeely in the publication of the Nugget.

The road hands of Crumby's district have adopted a rule exempting all men from road duty at the age of 45.

But eight applicants stood the examination of teachers in Dahlonega last Saturday—six whites and two colored.

The weather was cold enough last week to cause the death of some of the citizens calves in Nimblewill district.

Rev. Jackie Reeves, who used to preach such soul-stirring sermons in Dahlonega long years ago, died at his home in Hall county Thursday of last week.

Mrs. Sarah Burns, one of the widows of Lumpkin county, who was drawing a pension, died at her home below Auraria Wednesday of last week.

There are hundreds of acres of wild land in Lumpkin county that are returned for its taxes every year by non residents who do not own a foot of it.

Col. Huff visited Gainesville one day last week for the purpose of depositing the states money, collected by Tax Collector Walker, in the bank, as directed by law.

Mrs. Rhodes, of Dawson county, is spending a few days with her mother, Mrs. Harris of Dahlonega, together with other relatives. Mrs. Rhodes leaves for Texas in a short time.

The board of education met last Saturday and settled the trouble in Hightower district by giving her citizens two schools. Miss Lilly Gurley will teach one, and Mr. Herman Montgomery the other.

Last Saturday the new road commissioners of this district, met and appointed their overseers and appointed the road hands. It was found that they only had 77 hands residing in the district outside of the corporate limits of Dahlonega, and two roads that only had one hand each, together with the overseer. So it will be seen that it is impossible to have good roads with this number of hands.

Babe Coffee, colored, who resides in the outskirts of the town, was arrested by Deputy Marshal Harrison last Sunday night while in the act of selling liquor at his house to some negroes. Two gallons and a half of corn whiskey in jugs were seized by the officer. It is said that Babe has been running a blind tiger at his house for months but Mr. Harrison had been unable to find him with any liquor heretofore.

Our Side Walks.

An unprecedented amount of money has been spent for street work for 1894, and now the middle of January, 1895, some of our side walks are in such a bad condition that it is great labor and vexation for pedestrians to get along.

The way up to the SIGNAL office is no better now than it has been for previous years, notwithstanding much work has been done on the street and side walk leading up to the office. Much unnecessary work has been done to the damage instead of improvement of the side walk. Any workman that necessitates another job before any improvement is accomplished is unfit to superintend work, and this does not only apply to road and street work, but is applicable to any kind of business.

Fresh earth ought never to be put on hard gravelled side walks, and if it is done it necessitates another coating of gravel before any good or improvement is accomplished. We hope the new council will give these hints a little thought and that their considerations will be such as to warrant the less expenditure of money for 1895, for better streets and side walks. These remarks are not given to cast any odium upon the outgoing council, as their administration was in keeping with the custom and usages of former councils.

The U. S. Gun's Reports

show Royal Baking Powder

superior to all others.

Locals, Boiled Down.

The Hand mill was lit up last night by electricity for the first time.

The additional ten stamps at the Murray mill were set in motion yesterday.

It is now treasurer Jackson. The books and money were turned over to him yesterday. The funds on hand amount to about \$800.

That Grizzle, the newly elected tax receiver, has made bond and is now resting from his labors of the campaign. The tax collector, sheriff and other officers will do likewise this or early part of next week.

Mr. John Chapman, one of whose eyes has been effected with a catarrh, visited Atlanta last week to have it operated on. He will be unable to teach his school at Pleasant Hill until fall.

It is said that the citizens of Gainesville have woke up on the subject of a railroad from her city to Dahlonega and now wish to buy Col. Price's interest in the Gainesville & Dahlonega line. The Colonel went down this week to see about it.

Notice to Pensioners.

Dahlonega, Ga., Jan. 22, '94.

I wish to state that all widows of Confederate soldiers must make their application for allowances before the 15th of February, 1895 for this year. All soldiers must make their application for allowances by the 26th day of October 1895 for this year.

I desire all those old soldiers who have already been drawing to visit my office on Friday, the 1st, or Saturday, the 2nd day of February, 1895. I will be ready to prepare their claims. Older than applicants, under the old law, can come at any time with their witnesses and I will make out their claims for them. Be sure and bring your evidence with you. Those soldiers falling under the last act approved by the late legislature will have to wait until about June or July, as I have no blanks for them. The other blanks are ready.

F. M. WILLIAMS, Ordinary.

College News.

Decora Palstra Society met on the 19th of January, 1875, at the accustomed hall and elected the following officers, who will be installed at the next regular meeting:

T. S. Scahill, President.

R. C. Nix, Vice-President.

A. E. Rausser, Secretary.

M. C. Manley, Treasurer.

W. C. Wood, Recording Secretary.

Goodby, Librarian.

W. L. Kinsey, Critic.

J. W. Kyles, Chaplain.

G. F. Pettit, Sergeant at Arms.

After a very interesting discussion on the subject of "Resolved, That the Aborigines of America were more cruelly treated than the negro slaves." The discussion was rendered in favor of the negative.

Subject of next meeting of the Decora is: "Resolved, That Milton was a greater poet than Shakespeare."

All Decora's be sure to attend for we are certain of a lively discussion for the able speakers are: Affirmative—Kinsey, Hammock, Dawson. Negative—Scahill, Boyd, Tankersley.

The Business Department of the N. G. A. College is progressing nicely and we hope to see the day in the near future when under the able management of Prof. Gordon, it will be not only one of the most attractive features of the college but one to which young men all over our Empire State will turn their eyes when seeking a business education.

The Phi Mu's have for their next subject: "Resolved, That foreign emigration has been an injury to the United States for fifty years."

They also elect their officers at their next meeting.

We noticed that the editor of the SIGNAL made a mistake in the Honor Roll last week by placing the Sub Freshman A boys with Freshman boys, yet we hope that no use will be gotten for men and editors are fallible beings.

We see that Mr. Barber is editor of the college days in the SIGNAL. We feel sure that editor McNelly will appreciate the work of this rising young man. Bro. Barber is a young man who stands well in his class and we predict for him success in whatever work he may undertake.

J. B. S.

J. E. MURPHY

LEADER OF

FINE GOODS

AND LOW PRICES.

Has many lines of Goods that must be sold before laying in
SPRING STOCK.

And in order to do this I will make a cleansweep of all winter goods and odds and ends that have accumulated during the rush for the last sixty days.

Many Lines will be Sold at Cost.

And less than Cost. Don't fail to see my stock if you want
GOOD GOODS AT LOW PRICES.

J. E. MURPHY, West Side Public Square, Gainesville, Ga.

PHYSICIANS.
DR. N. F. HOWARD,
Physician and Surgeon,
Dahlonega, Georgia.

OFFERS his services to the citizens of Dahlonega and the surrounding country. Calls promptly responded to. Feb. 8th, '95.

DR. C. H. JONES,
Physician and Surgeon,
Dahlonega, Ga.

Feb. 8, '95.
DR. H. C. WHEELER,
Dahlonega, Ga.

OFFERS his professional services to the people of Dahlonega and surrounding country. Will answer to calls at all hours. Office east side public square. Calls day or night promptly attended to. Feb. 8th, '95.

B. F. CHAPMAN,
M. D. and Surgeon,
OFFERS his Professional Services to the citizens of Dahlonega and the surrounding country. Feb. 8th, '95.

ATTORNEYS.
W. P. FRICK.....W. A. GRATTER
PRICE & CHARTERS,
Attorneys at Law
And Real Estate Agents,
Dahlonega, Ga.

COLLECTIONS attended to and remittances promptly made. Taxes for non-residents attended to. We possess unusual facilities for reporting upon Land Titles and furnishing abstracts. Fees reasonable, and correspondence solicited. Feb. 8th, '95.

WM. S. HUFF,
Attorney at Law
And Real Estate Agent,
Dahlonega, Ga.

AGENT for the National Guaranty Company. Bonds made for Public and Corporation officers. Correspondence Solicited. Nov. 15, '94.

RAILROAD FAIR PAID
TO THE
ALABAMA BUSINESS COLLEGE

INSTITUTE OF SHORT HAND
Type Writing and Telegraphy,
MONTGOMERY, ALA.

POSITIONS SECURED.
All graduates who competent. No charge made for our services. No vacation. School open the entire year. Students can enter at any time.

BUSINESS MEN NEEDING RELIABLE ASSISTANTS CAN RESUME BY ADDRESSING THIS SCHOOL.

LARGEST and best COLLEGE BUILDS in the SOUTH. Many of our graduates are teachers in different business colleges throughout the South.

We absolutely guarantee to give you superior instruction in each department of this institution.

We have teachers of NATIONAL REPUTATION, PRACTICAL TEACHERS, COMPETENT TEACHERS, holding many State diplomas than all other teachers combined; numerous specimens of PEN WORK (etc); insuring superior instruction.

For full information, address
SULLIVAN & JENNINGS,
Proprietors,
April, 6.

Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder
Most Perfect Made.

We Move Along.

With sign or song
We move along:
The world keeps going—going!
In great extremes,
To with our distresses.

It's either hot, or snowing!
But if we sign
The years slip by—
To-day is soon to-morrow:
Chances about the right.

Make weeping eyes
And slip into a sorrow.

Why not a song?
Life is not long.
And needs a note to cheer it;
If anger you grow
A single rose

It blooms for you, so wear it!

AFTER THE VERDICT.

Nora Worley felt very lonely and very miserable as she sat in her cheerless lodgings one dark November afternoon.

She ought to have been in good spirits, for she had won her case in the law courts, but she was far from feeling so. In fact, she regretted more than ever she had been persuaded by that pushing little lawyer, Nicholas Thompson, to bring the action for breach of promise at all.

She blushed at the memory of the laughter in court when her precious love letters were read. She had just dropped them one by one behind the fire, as they were given back to her, all smudged with finger marks and replete with stale tobacco.

If she had never brought this action against Oliver Toogood these letters would still have remained a cherished possession—a record of her short love dream.

The amount of damages awarded to her did not dazzle her; \$5,000 would buy her a great many things, but it did not really want, but all her actual wants were simply supplied already by her own industrious fingers, which were always busy with typewriting, and it would not give her the one thing she wanted—some one to love.

A stumble up the dingy staircase into which the fog penetrated with impunity, and a knock at the door announced a visitor.

"Come in," Nora said absently, forgetful of the tear-stained eyes and fingers besmoked with persing her love letters in the dull, smoky fire.

The door opened and gave admittance to a short, spare man, who bustled in and was all over the room before he had finished saying "Good afternoon," and laid his hat and gloves in a place of security.

He was very plain, with reddish hair, which stood straight up on his head, and light colored eyes with red rims and no eyelashes to speak of.

"Now, do sit down, do sit down," said Miss Worley, with urbanity, though embarrassed utterance. "I have just dropped in for a friendly chat and to exchange congratulations about the verdict you know."

"Thank you," said Nora, without enthusiasm. "I am sure you did your best for me, and of course I thank you."

"Just so; just so,"
A pause ensued, which Mr. Thompson bridged over by sundry disjointed ejaculations.

"I—I scarcely know I am a bachelor, Miss Worley?"

"Yes, yes, I am, I'm sorry to say. It isn't right, you know, and I must say I have been struck by the affectionate disposition you have disclosed. Now, don't speak my dear lady! It is so—very much struck, indeed. In fact, madam, your affection is a treasure I long to possess."

"Excuse me," said Nora hastily: "I have no affection—for any one."

"Come come, Miss Worley, just listen to me. Accept my hand and you will have plenty of affection for me. I will make you an excellent husband—very domesticated, don't smoke, don't drink, not very particular about my meals, and very easily pleased, if any one cares to study me. Now, just say 'Yes' and it is all settled."

"I am much obliged to you, but I would rather say 'No.'"

"But I am not going to take that for an answer. If you don't say 'Yes' to-day I will call again tomorrow, and so on every day."

"I assure you I mean no," said Miss Worley decidedly. "I beg you will take that for an answer. I shall never get engaged again."

"Poor thing! poor things! You have such an affectionate disposition, your thoughts are running on the injury that great brute did you. Never mind, my dear; \$5,000 makes a very excellent plaster and will soothe the wound very much. That reminds me—bless my soul how could it have escaped me!—of course you shall have entire control of your money yourself, though I could find an excellent investment for it."

"Thank you, Mr. Thompson, but I shall not marry you, and as for the money you were instrumental in getting me, I am so ashamed of it that I think I shall give it to

1895 VICTOR BICYCLES:—\$100.00



There are eight Victor Models for ladies and gentlemen, practically any height frame furnished. "Victors" lead the cycling world. Send for catalogue.

OVERMAN WHEEL CO.

Makers of Victor Bicycles and Athletic Goods. BOSTON. NEW YORK. PACIFIC COAST. LOS ANGELES. CHICAGO. DENVER. DETROIT.

some charity.

"Nonsense, Miss Worley, you will get over this. I wish that fellow was not such a great brute. I should like to give him a horse-whipping—as soon as the money is paid, of course."

"Somebody in the court wrote a proposal of marriage and passed it to me as soon as the damages were awarded; he was beforehand with you."

"Do you mean that he accepted him?" Thompson growled red with anger and his hair stood up more aggressively than before.

"No, I did not, any more than I have accepted you; but I like him better than I do you."

"Why?" he asked sharply.

"Because he took 'no' for an answer."

"Good-by, Miss Worley, for the present," said Mr. Thompson, making a frantic rush for his hat and gloves.

"Good-by, Mr. Thompson."

Thompson's eyes were fixed on the newcomer to someone who was about to knock. He gave a look at the newcomer and hesitated to leave, but a very decided action on the other's part induced to do so.

The door which had been held open so meaningfully for him was very promptly slammed after him, not without a suspicious movement, which looked like a kick, aimed at the departing guest.

The newcomer was Oliver Toogood, a tall, burly, hearty-looking man of forty, having the appearance of a country gentleman, though he was really a horse dealer, very well known in his county for honesty and fair dealing.

He drew up a chair to the fire, which was now burning brightly, and, flushed with excitement and without salutation, began:

"What was that cringing little beggar doing here?"

"He came to see me, Oliver—Mr. Toogood," Nora said nervously.

"Well, the less you have to do with him out of business hours the better," he said, brusquely. "I can't deny, but that he has done your work well. I suppose you are grateful to him and all that."

"Yes, I suppose I am," Miss Worley said, doubtfully. "I don't know."

"You ought to know, then. You would not have got \$5,000 damages if he had not gone about it in the right way. I have got the money right here you see." He slapped his pocket significantly. "Take my advice, Nora, and have his bill taxed."

"You are very kind to interest yourself about it," said Nora wearily; "but I don't think Mr. Thompson is likely to overcharge or cheat me—in fact, he wishes to make me his wife."

"But are you going to marry him?"

"I—I don't know."

Nora did know very well, but there was something very confusing in Oliver Toogood's gaze and the interest he showed in her embarrassed air around strange ideas.

"Surely you will never tie yourself to a little peddling attorney, chop like that?" he burst out impatiently. "Why I could buy him out and out four times over. A little snip like that could take up with my finger and thumb."

"It is very lonely for me," said Nora, looking down, so that Oliver Toogood only saw her long, dark lashes.

"But you might do better than that," Oliver blurted out, "with what you have saved and my money."

"Yes," said Nora, still keeping her eyes cast down, "perhaps I could have had other offers."

"The deuce you have!"

"But—"

"Well! he put in impatiently. "Why don't you accept the best of them?"

"I shall never marry without—"

"An equal sum on the part of the man! Well, here's the money I have to hand over."

He plumped down a bulky pocket book.

"There—take and count it. I can't think what the deuce you wanted to quarrel with me for!"

"Oh, Oliver," she said gently. "I always heard quarrels of lovers never thought you would leave me because of what I said."

"Well, I never meant to."

"But you did, said you said cruel things about me."

"Which mischievous persons repeated, Nora. I always meant to come round in the end, only I heard Thompson was urging you to bring a breach of promise of marriage, and this made me turn stubborn. Well, count the money, girl."

"I—I don't want it," said Nora, frowning and hiding her face in her hands. "I hate it, and—"

"And me, too!"

Oliver got up softly and stood before her.

"No," Nora murmured.

"Will you have me dear? I don't see why we can't make it up, now that the lawyers have done their worst of it. Will you, Nora?"

Nora turned up a wet face, glorified by happiness.

"Oh, Oliver!" was all she said, but it seemed to satisfy Mr. Toogood vastly well.—Boston Globe.

An Anomalous Cat.

William Ensbury, who resides at Fourth and Howard streets, is busily engaged exhibiting an anomalous kitten to his friends. The tiny member of the feline species, is only three weeks old, and although handicapped with a short leg and three wavy manes, it gets about with alacrity. When the little puss was born it was noticed that one of its legs was shorter than it really ought to be and great was the surprise of all concerned when a third ear was discovered on the mouse catcher.

The off leg is a mere bulge of skin in the spot where the limb ought to grow. Being thus unbalanced forward, the weight of the kitten is thrown on its hind legs, which are inadequate to the duty thrust upon them. Instead of using the feet when walking, the entire first joint of the rear limb is stretched on the ground. The third ear is thought to be a valuable acquisition, and the mice about the establishment have been trying to keep as quiet as possible, in order to evade ear shot of the youthful feline.—San Francisco Chronicle.

Neurotic persons
and those troubled with nervous conditions
because of overwork, will be relieved by taking
Brown's Iron Bitters. Genuine
has trade mark and crossed red lines on wrapper.

H. J. BRANDON,

DEALER IN
Dry Goods, Hats, Shoes Groceries,

[West Side Public Square, next to Dinkins' Hardware Store.]
GAINESVILLE, GA.

MY STOCK

Is Complete in Every Department.

[A LARGE STOCK OF]

CLOTHING

AND
Crocker Y

IBUY Brand and Flour in car lot quantities, and keep the best and sell at bottom prices.

HAVING received a good patronage from the people of Lumpkin county during 1893, I ask a share of patronage for 1894.

STOVES and Stove Fixtures is a new feature in my business. I sell the adjustable Fire Backs and Grates. No matter what make your stove is it can be fitted. Call and see me when you visit Gainesville. I will buy your produce and sell you goods at bottom rates.

March 30, '95.
H. J. BRANDON.

GEO. W. WALKER & SON

Manufacturers of

BUGGIES, WAGONS,

HACKS,

AT ROCK BOTTOM PRICES.

Repairing done in All its Branches.

ORDERS BY MAIL
PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO.

MAIN STREET.....GAINESVILLE, GA.
Sept. 27th, '93.

WM. BROWN, JR., R. I. MEALER, J. W. BROWN,

GAINESVILLE IRON WORKS,

Opened up Under New Management.

Office and Shops near Air-Line Depot.

Shafting, Pulleys, Pipes and Fittings.

Valves and Cocks, Steam Guages, Water Glasses.

IRON and BRASS Castings,
Stamp Mills Made to Order.

AGENTS FOR
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Repairing of all kinds of Machinery a specialty.
Aug. 15, '93. Correspondence Solicited.

JOHN F. LITTLE,

(Northeast Public Square)
—OLD STATE BANK BUILDING—

GAINESVILLE,.....GEORGIA.

HARD TIMES PARALYZED

Gold dust can be used the same as cash at its full value. General Merchandise to suit the wants of the people generally.

Best and cheapest grades of FLOUR. I make a specialty in Garden and Field Seeds.

White Swan Flour is now much cheaper than ever before. Samples sent by mail. Come and see me when you visit Gainesville and I will make you feel good on account of nice treatment and low prices.
March 20, '95.
John F. Little.

Dalhousie Signal.

DAHLONEGA, FEB. 1, 1895.

Entered at the Dalhousie, Ga. P. O., as second class matter.

A dispatch from Sacramento, Cal., says the snow is 60 feet deep.

Judge John Erkin died at 81 last Sunday at the age of 81. The public school fund for 1894 paid a fraction over four cents a scholar.

Mr. Wm. C. Shaffer of Hosh, Pa., has been post master at that place forty years.

Five stores were entered and three sales blown open at Milner, Ga., Saturday night.

Mrs. Grant, widow of president Grant passed through Atlanta this week on her way to Florida.

The ruling in the Tweeds case has cut out ten thousand pensioners in the state of Missouri.

In the City of London on the 23rd day had thunder, lightning, hail, snow and sunshine within two hours.

The democratic wave of prosperity spoken of by some of the leaders before the election failed to pass this way.

W. E. Haywood, a merchant of Millidgeville, reports that his safe was robbed at one o'clock, a. m. on the 24th of \$2,000.

Mrs. Dr. James Saunders committed suicide in Marietta one night last week by shooting herself while in bed.

Mr. Tate is fighting a bill now before Congress appropriating \$50,000 for detecting and bringing blockaders in Georgia to justice.

A Chattanooga Company has bought out the entire stock of D. H. Dougherty, who was closed out a few days ago in Atlanta by his creditors.

The populists, having elected the county officers of Cherokee county at the recent election, will shortly begin the publication of a paper at Canton.

The Dalhousie Signal is advocating the building of a railroad to Dahlonega, via the residence of W. H. Satterfield. Why not build it via the moon?—Alpharetta Press.

Cross, who has been confined in White county Jail for some time expects "to be released" "at" "damages on account of his feeble white in prison."

President Cleveland has sent another message to congress appealing to its members to take some action on the financial condition of the country so as to save the nation credit. He favors the issuing of bonds, of course.

C. B. Messenburg, who was recently treasurer of Bibb county, has prepared his bond of \$25,000. His commission has not yet been signed by the governor, and the question of whether the office has been legally abolished has not been determined.

An army of tramps, one thousand strong, is marching through Florida. They are men who were thrown out of employment in the orange section by the recent freeze. They are stealing for a livelihood, and many of them are considered dangerous.

The Nebraska sufferers are now well supplied with food and money. One hundred car loads of provisions were in the railroad yards at Lincoln last Sunday night contributed from all parts of the country. The legislature has appropriated \$50,000, besides other large contributions of money.

A romantic marriage occurred last week at Elberton. Miss Sweetie Nash and a gentleman from Sweetieboro, were the contracting parties. They had never met till the day of their marriage, but had corresponded and all arrangements were made before their arrival. The marriage was quite a surprise to the friends of the bride.

Secretary Gresham, under authority of congress, has signed a contract for a monument to mark the birth place of Washington at Wakefield, Va., on the Potomac, which must be completed not later than July 1, 1896. The contractor is confident of his ability to prepare the foundation during the coming summer, and expects to lay the cornerstone on the site within a year from now. Secretary Gresham has selected the simple inscription "Washington's birth place," for the site, and the words "Erected by the United States, A. D. 1895," for the lower base. The government has completed a steel wheel about a mile from the site, and a private corporation has been formed to establish a summer and winter resort at the landing.

The Registration Law.

A few weeks ago we published the registration law in full but as some probably did not read it on account of its length, we give synopsis of the necessary requirements in order that a legal vote may be cast.

Voters must be twenty one years of age.

Must have paid all taxes required by the state since the adoption of the Constitution of 1877.

Must have resided in the state twelve months, and in the county six months prior to date of election.

Must not have committed no crime that constitutes a felony, unless pardoned by the governor.

Each voter must vote in his own precinct, or ward, if he lives in a city.

Must register, and make oath to the above requirements.

Anyone swearing falsely to the oath may, and will be, prosecuted.

The tax collector, ordinary and clerk revise the list of voters and give it to the registrars, who make a list therefrom of legal voters, and those not entitled to vote, for each district, and give such lists to the election managers. List of legal voters is also published, and will appear in the legal organ of the county.

Dalhousie Methodists.

Many Georgia preachers have pleasing recollection of the faithful ones who have been, and are now connected with the Dalhousie church. Theirs was the old type of Christianity. How we long to see a new generation coming on of a like connection.

Of those who served this generation by the will of God, was Milligan P. Quillian. He assisted in the organization of the old Dalhousie church. No truer or more faithful man ever prayed and toiled for his church. Whether to lead public service, prayer or class meeting, whether as steward or bell-ringer, at his home church or other churches in his circuit, he was always faithful. His home was the home of traveling preachers. Tall, slender, dignified, with a countenance beaming with benevolence, he was the friend of all and all were his friends. He went to his reward only a few months ago.

T. Quillian, of medium height, quick of movement, was in other years faithful to the church, to his God in the army, and in the city where he spent his last years. Few men were as well informed as to the church and her ministry.

Benjamin Sifton, a little stooped in form, honesty and sincerity marked in every expression of his face, which was as mild as a woman's. Scholarly, wise above his fellows, his was a life as uniform as the movement of the spheres. No one ever suspected wrong of Uncle Ben Sifton. He was suddenly called home while on his knees. The old Sunday-school teacher departed as the Sunday School bell was ringing.

Wier Boyd was a man of unique character, a man of all work. He was a long and useful life. He was a devoted husband and father, true to his home church, a laborer as local preacher, a distinguished lawyer, prominent as a legislator, both in the house and senate. While serving the church so faithfully he was loved by his people, and in precious memory he still lives in the hearts of the people. Peculiar in his mode of public speaking he nevertheless impressed the practical thoughts upon his hearers. Who will fill his place?

"And what shall I more say for the time would fill me to tell of 'Aunt' Emily Hughes, long a saint on earth, now a saint in heaven, of 'Aunt' Sallie Corbin, one of the pioneers of Methodism in this county, and of 'Aunt' Mary and Warwick, Marion, Sifton, and many others 'of whom the world was not worthy'."

Doctors Say;

Bilious and Intermittent Fevers which prevail in miasmatic districts are invariably accompanied by derangements of the Stomach Liver and Bowels.

The Secret of Health.

The liver is the great "driving wheel" in the mechanism of man, and when it is out of order, the whole system becomes deranged and disease is the result.

Tutt's Liver Pills

Cure all Liver Troubles.

Blood Poison

After Approach of Death, New Life by Taking Hood's.

Mr. Wm. W. Greenholts, Baltimore, Md.

"For four years I was in intense suffering with an abscess on my thigh. It discharged freely and several times.

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Dalhousie Signal.

DAHLOE, FEB. 1, 1895.

An infant of Mr. Henry Thomas died last Saturday night.

A great many of our farmers lost their sweet and Irish potatoes during the cold spell a month ago.

We welcome to our midst this week Mrs. Parks, wife of the beloved pastor of the M. E. Church at this place.

Hands are employed in building a wing dam at the Yahola mine so as to protect the old one which is decaying and giving way.

Mr. Eliph Deck feels very proud of the 12 pound diamond which put in its appearance at his house more than a week ago.

That well known and clever drummer, Mr. Tom Elliott, was in Dalhousie this week shaking hands with everybody, big little, old and young.

Quite an interesting article will be found elsewhere concerning some of our oldest citizens, written by Rev. W. A. Parks of the Wesleyan Christian Advocate.

The newly elected sheriff, Mr. D. S. Frewitt, completed his bond and received his commission Saturday, and commenced the official business the Monday following.

Dr. Howard says that the public lot below the foot bridge on Main Street, is a suitable place for a school house. He says that it could be beautified by draining the lot and setting it out in maple trees.

A good sum of money is spent by our town authorities every year in cleaning of the brass and wheels from the cemetery. Why not adopt a "new plan" by sowing it in bermudagrass. It would grow rapidly and soon cover the cemetery, killing out all other weeds and grasses.

Dr. Weld has kindly consented to give us anything of interest, to the public concerning the various operations of the Hand Gold Mining Company for publication. The company has no property for sale and therefore anything seen in print about its property will be reliable and not a "speculating article."

Last Saturday night a difficulty occurred in Jones & Brookshire's store in which several parties were called upon by Mayor Harrison to show cause why they should not pay a fine for such conduct. Tom Ray and Jim Hughes, two of the parties, entered a plea of guilt and were fined each one dollar and cost, while M. Chester and Robt. Howell were found not guilty.

A gentleman in Watkinsville writing for the Signal last week asks, "How are politics and the log question in Dalhousie?" We will answer that no logs have been impounded this year and pork is full sale from the wagons at five cents per pound. The democrats have lost their grip, so says Bill Reid. This is doubtless good authority, for this gentleman is the longest and tallest one belonging to the old party in Yahola district—being over six feet high.

Last Saturday editor Woodward's cow failed to come up. Sunday she didn't appear and late Monday evening while the owner was out in town he thought he heard her bell in the distance, probably just beyond the big hill. He sent a boy after her but no cow could he find. Later in the day one of our merchants had occasion to go into his old cellar used to store ice in during the summer, and lo and behold there stood the editors cow, where she had been imprisoned for three days caused by the wind blowing the door to while she was taking shelter.

MARVELOUS RESULTS.

From a letter written by Rev. J. Gundersen, of Dinwiddie, Mich., we are permitted to publish the following: "I have no hesitations in recommending Dr. King's New Discovery, as the results were almost marvelous in the case of my wife. While she was pastor of the Baptist Church at River Junction she was brought down with Pneumonia succeeding La Grippe. After a few days of coughing without last hours with little interruption and it seemed as if she could not survive them. A friend recommended Dr. King's New Discovery; it was quick in its work and highly satisfactory in results. Trial bottles free at E. C. Cartledge Druggist. Regular size 50c and \$1.00.

Clerk Moore paid White county a flying visit last Sunday.

Sleet and rain just after breakfast last Monday morning.

The weather has not been very favorable for mining or any other out-door work in this section for weeks.

Catahris is a constitutional disease. Hood's Sarsaparilla is a constitutional remedy. It cures catahris. Give it a trial.

Notwithstanding the weather has been unusually bad for several days our freight wagons to Gainesville keep up their usual trips.

Compare the Signal with some of the rest of your weekly papers, and then subscribe for the one containing the most news, is all we ask.

Mr. B. F. Anderson has moved into his residence recently purchased near Mr. Stephen Rice's, while Mr. Marion Chester occupies the building Mr. Anderson vacated.

"Father, send me the Signal for I like it better than any paper published in Dalhousie," is what a young lady who is going to college in lower Georgia, writes to her parent.

A fellow discontinued his paper the other day because he didn't publish a communication in his interest as long as the moral laws and our devil has been wearing a black neck to ever since.

Remember that we are not publishing a paper for fun or pleasure this year, and if you wish the Signal's visits to continue at your house, you must make some arrangements to settle for it.

Last year the rents on the street mine paid to Dalhousie's town council amounted to near seventy dollars. Let the proper machinery be erected at this mine and work resumed for it not only benefits the town but all parties interested.

We heard a minister the other day upholding the use of free liquor on election day, by saying that you "had to fight the devil with his own fire." The use of liquor will never be put down as long as any of this class of people talk in this way.

The new mill at the Hedrick, near Avaris, has suspended for a short time until a lot of "dead material" is shined off and the vein is more fully exposed near the mill. It has been ascertained that it is cheaper to do this than to run it through the mill.

A few days ago some of the colored females of Dalhousie had a misunderstanding and an agreement was entered into to meet a short distance below town and fight it out in the woods, but the town marshal got wind of it and broke up the fun, and all newspaper reporters were disappointed.

Dan Smith, who violated some of the town ordinances by being intoxicated and disorderly during the recent county election, was arrested, fined and lodged in the lock-up last Friday, where he remained until making satisfactory arrangements with the marshal for his indebtedness. The fine was \$2 and the cost \$6. This is the result of the use of free liquor on election days.

Elsewhere will be found a long list of lots advertised for taxes for the year 1894—most of them returned by non residents. Some of these lots have been returned by parties for taxes year after year who never pay a cent of it and the land is not sold because the lots are returned and taxes paid by others who generally own the property. What will be the result? Those who have paid the taxes will have to show that they have done so on sale day and the printers, sheriff nor constable get nothing for their trouble. Besides the sheriff has to spend four or five days in recording the fact—all for nothing.

Beyond Comparison

Are the good qualities possessed by Hood's Sarsaparilla. Above all it purifies the blood, thus strengthening the nerves, it regulates the digestion organs, invigorates the kidneys and liver, tones and builds up the entire system. It cures Dyspepsia, Catarrh and Rheumatism. Get Hood's and only Hood's. Hood's Pills cure all liver ills, biliousness, jaundice, indigestion, sick headache. 25c

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

The young people enjoyed themselves at a dance given at the Barnside Friday evening.

The school money for the present year in Lumpkin county will amount to \$4,230.

Mr. Homer Head, of this county, left for Illinois last Monday, where he goes to seek his fortune.

One of the interested parties says that they made 165 pennyweights of gold at the Lockhart mine last week with a small expense.

Investigations have been made which show that the county bonds of tax collector as well as their state bonds, must be filed with the ordinary within thirty days from the time he is notified by said ordinary of the arrival of his commission.

Mr. John W. Satterfield, who has been elected coroner for nine successive times in this county, was in last Saturday making his bond. If he lives to serve in this term it will make 18 years in which he has served in this capacity, which shows that he has discharged the duties of this office to the satisfaction of all.

The chief editor of the Signal is now devoting the most of his time in mining. He came home the other evening and fell into the door in an almost exhausted condition. The campfire was procured and as soon as he could speak it was ascertained that he had only discovered a rich gold bearing vein in about a mile from town and had run every step of the way home to tell his folks about it.

The head stones recently procured by the ladies of Dalhousie for the following deceased Confederate soldiers buried in Lumpkin county, are still uncared for at the ordinary's office: Polk Anderson, Henry Anderson, Henry Croeland, James Free, George Barnes and Miles Anderson. The relatives or friends of these deceased heroes should come and get them so as to mark their last resting places, and show by their actions that they appreciate the noble work of these kind ladies.

The county board of education met last Saturday for the transaction of some special business. It is found that there are two schools in Lumpkin county—one in Martin's Ford and one at Pleasant Hill—are without teachers. Commissioner Glenn's questions for teachers were unusually rigid and cut the number of teachers short not only in Lumpkin county but all over Georgia. If the State School Commissioner makes this a rule, it will cause many children in North-east Georgia to be unable to reap the benefits of the public school fund on account of the county board of education being powerless to get teachers who are able to stand the examination at from fifteen to twenty-two dollars per month. Well educated men will not work at such prices. It does not take a man with a collegiate education to teach children in A. B. C. There are plenty of persons in Lumpkin county, fully competent to teach the children of our common schools that are not able to stand the examination prepared by the thoroughly educated gentleman, who holds the office of state school commissioner.

\$100 REWARD. \$1000. The reader of this paper will be pleased to learn that there is at least one dreaded disease that science has been able to cure in all its stages and that is Catarrh. Hood's Catarrh Cure is the only positive cure known to the medical fraternity. Catarrh being a constitutional disease, requires a constitutional treatment. Hood's Catarrh Cure is taken internally and acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system thereby destroying the foundation of the disease, and giving the patient strength by building up the constitution and assisting nature in doing its work. The proprietors have so much faith in its curative powers, that they offer One Hundred Dollars for any case that it fails to cure. Send for list of testimonials.

Address, F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O. Sold by Druggists 75c per lb. 4 lb.

See sheriff's sales elsewhere.

Mrs. R. H. Baker has been quite sick for several days but is improving.

Next Monday is the last day in which county officers have to make their bonds.

Messrs. Rice and Watts have secured water and gone back to work in their mine near Park Spring.

The mayor says that all or none of the dog tax will be collected this year. He intends either to enforce all the town ordinances else have them repealed.

How silly some people are. A man was heard to remark the other day that two of our county officers ought not to have been elected because they were so poor.

Two of our oldest citizens, uncle Ezer and uncle Wilson Davis, one a democrat and the other a populist, were in town last Saturday and assisted in putting our new sheriff in jail.

We regret to learn that Mrs. J. L. Davis, who resides in Cane Creek district, was stricken with paralysis a few days ago which effects one of her sides. The physician has some hopes of her recovery.

Mr. W. B. Woodward gave her little six months old child seven drops of landanum last Saturday night through a mistake thinking it was paregoric. By the frequent use of cold coffee she kept it from hurting the little fellow.

CREED OF EZEKIAH.

Julia E. Johnson, Stafford's P. O. South Carolina, writes: "I had suffered for thirteen years with Eczema, was at times confined to my bed. The itching was terrible. My son-in-law got me one-half dozen bottles of Blood Balm, which entirely cured me, and I ask you to publish this for the benefit of others suffering in like manner." See advertisement, Jan. 18th.

The post office at Yahola will soon change hands or be discontinued. It is one of these little fifty cents per year offices and the present post master is getting tired of it. W. H. Reid had an idea of getting it and moving it to his house. About the only benefit this change of office to a man is the free literature he has access to. He can read his neighbors paper without it costing him a cent.

Desperado Joe Wilson, who was tried before Commissioner Baker for perjury, some time ago and bound over, has got back to his old home in Habersham county again. It seems that he had had feelings toward Aler Williams' family, and the news came that he was nearly beat Aler's wife to death, and beat Aler's brother, J. R. Williams, so badly that it is thought he will not recover. So Joe is now in the clutches of the law and it is hoped that full justice will be meted out to him this time. The above comes from a reliable source.

A little child of John Anderson, colored, was burned to death last Saturday in Crumby's district. Its clothing caught in some way while being left alone. Its crisis were being left by its grand mother who had stepped out into the yard but a few moments before it occurred to pick up some brush. When she reached the house she met the little one at the door burned nearly all over to a crisp. It suffered intense pain until the next day when it passed away.

We are informed that Ex-Senator Smith, of Dawson county, will be carried to the lunatic asylum in a few days. Financial embarrassment seems to be the trouble. Mr. Smith, but a few years ago resided in Dalhousie, where he taught a flourishing school. He was at one time U. S. Deputy Marshal, and ably represented the people of this district in the senate but a few years ago. He has been a useful man and it is to be hoped that he will soon thoroughly recover and return to his friends and create the same pleasure and happiness it was before his sad affliction.

Bucklin's Arnica Salve.

The best Salve in the world for cuts, bruises, sores, ulcers, salt rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, chapped hands, Chilblains, corns, and all skin eruptions. It cures positively, never fails, and is not painful. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction. For sale by E. C. Cartledge Druggist. Feb. 1, 95.

Mr. Geo. McGee, who took into himself a wife recently, has located in White county.

Miller Davis will commence selling out on the 20th inst. for the purpose of going West.

Several of our attorneys attended Hall Superior Court which has been in session two weeks.

Did any of you carry out the instructions for garden work for January as laid down in the almanac?

The weather of Monday and Tuesday was enough to give everybody the blues. The water froze on the trees and the icicles hung from the limbs and twigs from two to three inches in length, while we were completely mud bound in our office.

The Georgia branch of the American Protective Association has been organized in the state and a president has been appointed for every county in Georgia except Glenn, Habersham, Towns and Union. In these counties no cotton is raised. Col. W. P. Price is the president in Lumpkin county.

Judge Kimsey is proving himself to be a terror to violators of the law and it is well enough for some of them in this section to govern themselves accordingly. It will be but a few weeks until Judge Kimsey will make an official visit to Dalhousie and those expecting to be found guilty of any offense had better be making arrangements to settle off.

Last Monday while the ground was covered with ice and a gentleman's wood pile had become a thing of the past, and the son was out gathering up chips, three large limbs fell from a shade tree to the ground. It was right funny to see how quick that boy got his ax and lit on to them. Provisions are made for our comfort sometimes when we least expect them.

We are informed that a gentleman living in Atlanta, who represents the Dalhousie and Lula R. It, will be here in a few days to see if the people of this section feel interested enough to reach down into their pockets for means to help build it. This is the only way to get the line completed to Dalhousie. There is no company that feels like helping those that are not willing to help themselves.

We notice that the acts provided for the relief of aged and poverty stricken soldiers is only for the benefit of those who resided in Georgia on the 1st day of January 1894 and who volunteered in the regular confederate service or in the organized militia of this State during the civil war and performed regular military duty for a period of not less than six months. Payments will begin in May, 1895, and annually thereafter on or about the 15th of May, and the first payment shall be for the pension year ending twelve months after the approval of the act which was the 15th of Dec. 1894.

Mrs. Winnie Howell, an old lady residing in Dalhousie, has taken out with her own hands, hundreds of pennyweights of gold from the deposit mines of Lumpkin county, and if some of those fellows who claim to be experts at the business knew half as much about their occupation as this good old lady, mining would be done on a cheaper scale than it now is. What good results can be expected from the labors of a man in charge of a mine who never saw a pennyweight of gold in a vein until it came to Dalhousie. No doubt this is the case here in some instances—men in charge of mines that know nothing about the business. Our native miners here hardly ever fail where they have facilities for working. But now back to what we were first going to relate. Near forty years ago, just after a heavy rain, Mrs. Howell panned out \$7 worth of gold from a gulley, which then ran through the town lot now owned by Capt. Ingersoll, fronting the Signal office, in three or four hours.

WHEN OTHERS FAIL.

Hood's Sarsaparilla builds up the shattered system by giving vigorous action to the digestive organs, creating an appetite and purifying the blood. It is prepared by modern methods, possesses the greatest curative powers, and has the most wonderful record of actual cures of all such ills in existence. Take only Hood's.

Hood's pills are purely vegetable, and do not purge, pain or grip.

The Ordinary requests us to state that the last acts of the legislature are ready for distribution to officers in the county.

Mr. M. J. Williams of Gaddistown, informed us Wednesday that the wagon of a pedler by the name of Smith, residing near Harmony Grove, was destroyed by the use of an ax in the hands of unknown parties one night this week, at Abe Woolley's Union county.

The public school law for Dalhousie provides that there shall be a board of commissioners consisting of five members as follows: J. F. Moore, H. D. Gurley, F. W. Hall, W. A. Charters, J. V. Harrison, who shall hold their office three years from the date of their qualification, none, to be compensated except the secretary and treasurer, whose compensation shall not exceed \$50 per year, in the discretion in which that fund, dispensed by good temperate people, passed through into a vessel for use. This apparatus was placed in a large tub, into which a continuous stream of water flowed, the singings were poured into the still, and everything was about ready for operation when the Marshal arrived.

The past severe weather has no doubt caused some of the poor people of Dalhousie who depend upon their daily labor for a support, to go to work for some of the necessities of life. Even in the great city of Atlanta, only 75 miles distant, where her citizens have just recently shipped fifteen car loads of provisions to the needy of Nebraska, men are begging for work in order that they may keep themselves and families from suffering. Even old Confederate soldiers, who suffered so much from cold and hunger during the defense of their country, are calling for help. One day last week the following appeal for assistance, appeared in one of the dailies of that city from one who only gave his initials: "Will the people of the great city of Atlanta see a man and his family thrown into the street and starve for the sake of a little work? In the name of that Being upon whom we all depend for whatever we have in this world, come to my relief and give me work. I don't care what it is. My rent is now due and I have no money with which to pay it and I haven't enough to eat in the house to last through another day."

Harve Barrett, who once held the office of treasurer of White, was arrested in that county Wednesday last by Marshal Harrison, who had just arrived at a blockade distillery, which he afterwards owned was his, with a load of meat on his shoulder. The outfit was complete. The still was large and new, and the substitute for a worm was a late style consisting of a piece of copper soldered together like and about the size of a common stove pipe, about sixteen inches long. Each end was closed with the same kind of material, in the shape of the large end of a mine tail. Near one end a place was made for the connection of the cap. At the other a small spout was attached of the board. Two schools shall be provided for, one for the whites and one for the colored. The Mayor and Council shall levy and collect annually a tax, in addition to that allowed by law, not to exceed one-half of one per cent on the taxable property of said town, for the purpose of establishing and maintaining three schools. But before this act becomes operative the mayor gives 30 days notice in the gazette of Dalhousie of an election to be held for such purpose and then it has to carry by a vote of two-thirds of the qualified voters. Should it become a law then bonds are issued not to exceed \$2,500.

Notice to Revenue Men.

Mr. Editor:—Mr. Harrison has played havoc with some of the illicit distilleries in his vicinity, and I understand that he said that one of my boys, to-wit: Bud Smith, ran over him and made his escape from the distillery recently. I further heard that he said that he would swear that it was my son. I have only to say to this, I will give him five dollars to swear it, and I further say that he would do well to get up the guilty ones and not try to implicate the innocent. Me and my boys have nothing to do with that sort of business and I feel it a stigma on me for it to be so understood. ALBION W. SMITH.

The World's Fair Tests showed to baking powder so pure or so great in leavening power as the Royal.

J. E. MURPHY
LEADER OF
FINE GOODS
AND LOW PRICES.

Has many lines of Goods that must be sold before laying in

SPRING STOCK.

And in order to do this I will make a cleansweep of all winter goods and odds and ends that have accumulated during the rush for the last sixty days.

Many Lines will be Sold at Cost.

And less than Cost. Don't fail to see my stock if you want
GOOD GOODS AT LOW PRICES.

J. E. MURPHY, West Side Public Square, Gainesville, Ga.

PHYSICIANS.

DR. N. F. HOWARD,
Physician and Surgeon,
Dahlonega, Georgia.

OFFERS his services to the citizens of Dahlonega and the surrounding country. Calls promptly responded to. Feb. 8th, '95.

DR. C. H. JONES,
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Feb. 8, Dahlonega, Ga.

DR. H. C. WHEELER,
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Offers his professional services to the people of Dahlonega and surrounding country. Will answer to calls at all hours. Office east side public square. Calls day or night promptly attended to. Feb. 8th, '95, and charges reasonable.

B. F. CHAPMAN,
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OFFERS his professional services to the citizens of Dahlonega and the surrounding country. Feb. 8th, '95.

ATTORNEYS.

W. P. PRICE,.....**WM. A. CHARTER**
PRICE & CHARTER,
Attorneys at Law
And Real Estate Agents,
Dahlonega, Ga.

COLLECTIONS attended to and remittances promptly made. Taxes for non-residents attended to. We possess unusual facilities for reporting upon Land Titles and furnishing abstracts. Fees reasonable, and correspondence solicited. Feb. 8th, '95.

WM. S. HUFF,
Attorney at Law
And Real Estate Agent,
Dahlonega, Ga.

AGENT for the National Guaranty Company. Bonds made for Public and Corporation officers. Correspondence Solicited. Nov. 13, '94.

RAILROAD FARE PAID
TO THE
ALABAMA BUSINESS COLLEGE
AND
INSTITUTE OF SHORT HAND
Type Writing and Geography.
MONTGOMERY, ALA.

POSITIONS SECURED.

All graduates when competent. No charge made for college. No vacation. School open the entire year. Students can enter at any time.

BUSINESS MEN NEEDING RELIABLE ASSISTANTS CAN BE SUPPLIED BY ADDRESSING THIS SCHOOL.
LARGEST and best COLLEGE in the SOUTH. Many of our graduates are teachers in different business colleges throughout the South. We absolutely guarantee to give you superior instruction in each department of this institution.

We have teachers of NATIONAL REPUTATION. PRACTICAL TEACHERS, COMPETENT TEACHERS, holding more State diplomas than any other teachers combined; numerous specimens of their WORK etc., illustrating superior instruction.

For full information, address
SULLIVAN & JOHNSON,
Proprietors,
April 6.

Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder
Most Perfect Made.

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FOR 1895.**

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of the Highest Class.

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The Advertiser has no superior.

Remainder copies free. Agents wanted everywhere. Liberal commissions.

Address THE ADVERTISER,
New York.

Jan. 4, 94. 1m ly.

You Should Get It.

Should get what? Why, The Rev. Dr. H. Hicks' splendid Almanac for 1895.

It has lately sent to this office a copy of the same, and we speak advisedly in saying that it is a rare publication—the very latest and best of all the almanacs issued from the pen and brain and heart of this well-known friend of the public.

The history of this work is well known as open book to all America—and a casual glance at the Almanac for 1895, convinces us that this valuable and instructive book ought to find its way into every shop, store, office and home in the land. The price of the book—only 25 cents—could not for any knowledge be invested for any other thing more profitably. It contains 84 pages, printed on fine book paper, with elegant covers in colors. It is for sale by all newsdealers.

This fine Almanac is given as a premium to every yearly subscriber to the Rev. Dr. H. Hicks' well-known and successful "Word and Works." This unique journal is a perfect scholar of the name, and intellectual and domestic subjects, should be in the homes of America. Those who want to keep up with the advanced thought of the age in science, religion and all social, commercial, intellectual and domestic subjects, should subscribe for Word and Works. Subscription only \$1.00 a year. Send for both direct to Word and Works Publishing Co., St. Louis, Mo.

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A. S. BARNES & CO., 56, 10th St., N. Y.

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Long help when all else fails, as glasses help eyes. Whispers heard. No pain. People's Blind Sufferers. Dr. F. N. New York, sends FREE. Send for books and proofs FREE.

Copy for a Liberal Offer.
The American Publishers' Union, 2800 Fairmount Ave., Philadelphia, will send to any address, Part 26 of Young People's Bible Dictionary. This number contains 13 magnificent color-plate engravings with a Bible history of each. If you want this valuable number send them your name and post-office address by return of mail. 4t

Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder
World's Fair Highest Award.

Unfinished Music.

I sat alone at the organ,
At the close of a troubled day,
When the sunset's crimson embers
On the western after lay.

I was weary with vain endeavor,
My heart was ill at ease,
And I sought to soothe my sadness
With the voice of the sweet-toned keys.

My fingers all unskillful
To tender the grand old anthem
With which my soul was filled,
Through the long day's cares and
scattered to the wind.

I had dreamed of that glorious strain,
And I hoped to hear the organ
Repeat it to me again.

It fell from my untutored fingers
Dissonant and incomplete,
I knew not how to express it,
Or to make the discord sweet:
So I tolled with patient labor,
Till the last bright gleams were gone,
And the evening's purple shadows
Were gathering one by one.

Then a master stood beside me,
And touched the noisy keys,
And let the discord vanish
And melted in perfect peace.

I heard the great organ pealing
My tune that I could not play,
The strains of the glorious anthem
That had filled my soul all day.

Down through the dim cathedral
The tide of music swept,
And through the shadow arches
The lingering echoes crept.

And I stood in the purple twilight
And basked in the radiant glow,
Not my feeble, untutored rendering,
But the master's perfect strain.

So I think, perchance the Master,
At the close of life's weary day,
Will take from our trembling fingers
The tune that we cannot play.

He will hear through the jarring discord
The strain, although half expressed;
He will blend it in perfect music,
And add to it all the rest.

Valued His Farm More Highly.

They tell a story of a man who came into Omaha one day and wanted to trade his farm for city lots.

"All right," replied the real estate agent, "get into my buggy and I'll drive you out to see some of the finest residence sites in the world—water, sewers, paved streets, cement sidewalks, all that sort of thing; and away they drove four or five miles in the country. The real estate agent expatiated upon the beauty of the surroundings, the value of the improvements made and projected, the convenience of the location, the ease and speed with which people who lived there could reach town, and the certainty of an active demand for such lots in the immediate future. Then, when he was breathless, he turned to his companion and asked:

"Where's your farm?"

"We passed it coming out here," was the reply. "It is about two miles nearer town."

**VICTOR
ATHLETIC
GOODS**

nets, racket presses, racket cases, boxing gloves, footballs, football suits, football and gymnasium shoes, gymnasium supplies, sweaters, etc. We guarantee better goods for less money than asked by other manufacturers. If your local dealer does not keep Victor Athletic Goods, write for our illustrated catalogue.

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Makers of Victor Bicycles and Athletic Goods.
BOSTON. NEW YORK. CHICAGO. DENVER. DETROIT.
SAN FRANCISCO. LOS ANGELES. PORTLAND.

Sorry He Intruded.

A funny story of a modest man is told by a writer in The Century magazine.

After fifty years seclusion within the walls of his college, a certain venerable fellow of Cambridge university thought it was time for him to see a little of the world, and he accepted an invitation from an early pupil, who was entertaining a large party in a great country house.

At dinner he sat next to the young lady of the house. Their conversation fell upon baths, and she happened to mention that she took a shower bath every morning to invigorate her system, adding, when he inquired what a shower bath was, that it resembled a very small, round room; that the bathers took like or her stand in the center of it, and upon pulling a string was denuded by a sudden flood of water from above.

Next morning the recluses rose at his usual hour, 6 o'clock, and being of an inquisitive temper, sought it well to explore carefully what he had never seen before—a large country house.

On pulling open a door he found himself at the entrance of a very small circular apartment, one of those in which housemaids store away old bristles and household articles past their use. In the center of it stood a plaster cast of the Venus de Medici.

The venerable man recoiled, closed the door and walked in the park till summoned by the breakfast bell. He took his seat and his hostess asked whether he would have tea or coffee.

But he had reflected on what good manners imperatively required, and his answer was:

"My lord, I can neither partake of tea or coffee, or any other refreshment, until I have first tendered my humblest apologies to the interesting young lady whom I now see dispensing chocolate, and on whose sanitary ablutions this morning as she stood in her shower bath I was so unfortunate as unwittingly to intrude."

How French Women Keep Young.

American women might learn an advantageous lesson of their French sisters in the art of keeping young; but it is no reason for cosmetics that they would require. First of all, French dames do not worry, or if they do, they conceal the fact admirably. They are apparently on the crest of the wave of good fortune perpetually. Next, and almost equally important, they decline to hurry. They take life moderately, perform their duties without haste and linger over their pleasures. And in these two simple roles lies a mine of wealth for her who is wise enough to appropriate it.—New Orleans Picayune.

The students of the university of North Carolina, at Raleigh, have finally agreed among themselves to discontinue hazing.

London pays 42 per cent of the income tax of England and Wales, and its government and management cost about \$55,000,000 a year.

The average European woman's life is shorter than the man's but over two-thirds of the centenarians are women.

The newly-married Czarina speaks and writes German, English, French and Italian fluently and Russian tolerably well.

are the product of skilled workmen, and rank with Victor Bicycles in quality. We make the best baseballs, baseball bats, baseball gloves and mitts, tennis rackets, tennis balls, tennis

H. J. BRANDON,

DEALER IN

Dry Goods, Hats, Shoes Groceries,

(West Side Public Square, next to Dinkins' Hardware Store.)

GAINESVILLE, GA.

MY STOCK

Is Complete in Every Department.

(A LARGE STOCK OF)

CLOTHING

AND
Crocker Y

I BUY Brand and Flour in lot quantities, and keep the best and sell at bottom prices.

HAVING received a good patronage from the people of Lumpkin county during 1893, I ask a share of patronage for 1894.

STOVES and Stove Fixtures is a new feature in my business. I sell the adjustable Fire Backs and Grates. No matter what make your stove is it can be fitted. Call and see me when you visit Gainesville. I will buy your produce and sell you goods at bottom rates.

March 30, '95.

H. J. BRANDON.

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Manufacturers of

**BUGGIES, WAGONS,
HACKS,**

AT ROCK BOTTOM PRICES.

Repairing done in All its Branches.

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PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO.

MAIN STREET.....GAINESVILLE, GA.
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WM. BROWN, Jr.,.....**R. I. MEALER,**.....**J. W. BROWN,**

GAINESVILLE IRON WORKS,

Opened up Under New Management.

Office and Shops near Air-Line Depot.

Shafting, Pulleys, Pipes and Fittings.

Valves and Cocks, Steam Guages, Water Glasses.

IRON and BRASS Castings.

Stamp Mills Made to Order.

AGENTS FOR

STEAM ENGINES and STEAM BOILERS.

Repairing of all kinds of Machinery a specialty.
Aug. 15, '93. Correspondence Solicited.

JOHN F. LITTLE,

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—OLD STATE BANK BUILDING—

GAINESVILLE.....GEORGIA.

HARD TIMES

PARALYZED

Gold dust can be used the same as cash at its full value. General Merchandise to suit the wants of the people generally.

Best and cheapest grades of FLOUR. Make a specialty in Garden and Field Seeds.

White Swan Flour is now much cheaper than ever before. Samples sent by mail. Come and see me when you visit Gainesville, and I will make you feel good on account of low treatment and low prices.

March 30 ly. **John F. Little.**

COMMISSIONER NESBITT'S TALK.

Regular Monthly Letter to the
Farmers of Georgia.

HE GIVES SOME PRACTICAL VIEWS.

The Farmers of the State Should Study
Carefully the Best Methods of Farming.
The Cotton Situation, Irrigation, Crops
for Georgia, and Other Matters of In-
terest and Importance.

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE.

ATLANTA, Feb. 1, 1905.

The painful lesson of the past year
has taught us that there are certain
immutable laws of our calling which
we cannot transgress without eventu-
ally paying the penalty. For years we
have prosecuted on the almost bound-
less resources of our cotton and have
apparently escaped some punishment, but
the time has come when we cannot
ignore these laws.

And, however difficult the task may
be, we must, if we would prosper, be
guided by the teachings of some agri-
cultural economy, and so regulate our
business that no matter how the finan-
cial situation or depression of the cotton
market, we are at least secure of an
independent home living for ourselves
and families. To enable us to take
this position, it will be necessary for us
not only to study everything in our
reach pertaining to scientific and suc-
cessful agriculture, but also to give at-
tention also to questions of political
action as well as agricultural economy.

REDUCTION OF THE COTTON ACREAGE.

It is now perhaps the most important
and the most pressing question which
farmer must decide in the next few
weeks, if he has not already done so.
This individual responsibility in this
matter. Many have realized the error
of our previous course and many are
now turning to the study of the cotton
market, and are laying the foundation
stone for a more intelligent and suc-
cessful management of their cotton
business. The others are still hesitat-
ing, the force of habit is too strong, and
they argue that if there is a general re-
duction of the acreage the price will be
good, and it is so much easier to wait
on the accustomed lines than to venture
on new and untried methods.

It is to these last unconverted farmers
that we will appeal for a careful con-
sideration of this question, and to show
it may affect them individually, but as
regards the state, it will be a question
of life and death.

We would not wish to run
after new and untried methods, but
there are some things which we must
do. The cotton crop is a crop which
if it will give us a good return, it will
be a crop which will pay for itself.
It is a crop which will pay for itself.
It is a crop which will pay for itself.
It is a crop which will pay for itself.

REPORT ADOPTED.

By the Cotton Growers' Convention Which
met at Atlanta, Georgia, on January 10, 1905.
The committee on organization and
bylaws submitted a long report, of
which the following are the principal
features:

No one shall be a member who is not
a legitimate grower. The association
will be a permanent one, and the com-
mittee is given power to carry out the
agreement to be sent to all growers in
the cotton growing states for signature
as a condition of their membership.

Our national policy of crowding the
cotton market has reduced our income
from that source to hardly \$20,000,000
and when we would still import all
the cotton we need, it is not only a
loss, but it is a loss which is not
being made up by any other source.

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cotton market has reduced our income
from that source to hardly \$20,000,000
and when we would still import all
the cotton we need, it is not only a
loss, but it is a loss which is not
being made up by any other source.

On this subject Mr. H. H. Hays, of At-
lanta, has said: "The cotton market
is a market which is not being made
up by any other source. It is a market
which is not being made up by any other
source. It is a market which is not
being made up by any other source."

blame for the low price of cotton, and
if we persist in planting and raising
more cotton than the world needs, sell-
ing it at a low price, then we are work-
ing for nothing and bounding ourselves,
we ought to quarrel with nobody but
ourselves.

To show that so far we have nothing
to fear from foreign competition, we
give the following table for average
American and foreign crops for periods
of five years each, from 1897 to 1899.

Showing that while the foreign in-
crease has been about 10 per cent, the
American increase has been about 30
per cent, and if we include the crop now
on the market, 30 per cent.

At another column is published a syn-
opsis of the resolutions adopted by the
Cotton Growers' Convention, held at
Birmingham, Alabama, in 1904. The
president of the Georgia association of
cotton growers, Mr. J. H. Hays, has
doubtless the planters in each county
will be glad to learn the results of the
convention, and the resolutions which
have been adopted. The resolutions are
as follows:

OTHER RESOLUTIONS. The cotton
market is a market which is not being
made up by any other source. It is a
market which is not being made up by
any other source. It is a market which
is not being made up by any other source.

Let Georgia farmers, with convenient
means of transportation, demonstrate
the value of their cotton. Let them
show the world that they are not only
able to produce a good crop, but that
they are also able to sell it at a good
price.

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they are also able to sell it at a good
price.

THE STANDARD.

DURANG'S RHEUMATIC REMEDY

Has been the standard remedy for rheu-
matism for over thirty years. It is a
purely vegetable preparation, and is
entirely free from any harmful effects.
It is a remedy which is not being made
up by any other source. It is a remedy
which is not being made up by any other
source.

W. L. DOUGLAS

\$3 SHOE

Over One Million Pairs Sold
All over the World
This shoe is a shoe which is not being
made up by any other source. It is a shoe
which is not being made up by any other
source.

W. L. DOUGLAS

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source.

W. L. DOUGLAS

\$3 SHOE

Over One Million Pairs Sold
All over the World
This shoe is a shoe which is not being
made up by any other source. It is a shoe
which is not being made up by any other
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The Way to Get There!

Buy tickets over the
L. N. E.

The Way to Get There!

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THE GREAT SOUTH AMERICAN NERVINE TONIC

Stomach and Liver Cure

The Most Astonishing Medical Discovery of
the Last One Hundred Years.

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OUR IS

Chicago Cottage Organ Co.

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Dalhousie Signal.

DALHOUSIE, FEB. 15, 1895.

Prof. Gordon now occupies the Griggs residence.

Both chickens and calves froze to death last week.

Some of the kerensons froze in Dalhousie last week.

Dr. Wholchell left Atlanta and will be absent a month.

Col. R. H. Baker went down to the Gate City last Sabbath.

There were no services at either one of the churches last Sunday on account of the severe weather.

Parties desiring a job at which to make money should read the advertisement of D. L. Pitner to be found in this issue.

Thursday the ceiling near the stove fire at Mr. Jarrard's, caught on fire but was discovered before any great damage was done.

The Gainesville and Dalhousie freight wagons were unable to make their usual trips last week on account of the extreme cold weather.

Last weeks freeze was a draw back to some of the blockaders who bring liquor to Dalhousie which contains so much water that it freezes.

Prof. Dunn and many others enjoyed themselves skating on Wimpy's mill pond Saturday, the ice being from two and a half to four inches thick.

It was so cold across the mountain last week that the small water courses froze over thick enough so that a man and horse could cross over without breaking through.

Our citizens will have to look out for the counterfeiter dimes that are now in circulation. One or two were passed on a Dalhousie merchant no longer than last week.

The Ellijay mail making its appearance two days of last week on account of the cold wave. The daily line from here to Gainesville missed one trip, as well as the tri-weekly. But the Morganton and Porter Springs mails came in and went out on time.

We call our readers attention to the new advertisement of the Gainesville Iron Works to be found in this issue. Mr. R. I. Meador who is well known to the people of this section, is the manager. They manufacture shaftings, pulleys, hangers, pipe and fittings, iron and brass castings, saw, syrup and stamp mills, and make and repair all kinds of machinery. When you need anything in this line send in your orders and you will be pleased with their work.

The building of a railroad from Gainesville to Dalhousie seems very favorable, judging from the articles in the Augusta and Gainesville papers of last week. We hope they are correct for we most certainly need facilities of that kind. If a road is built to this place from Gainesville the line recently surveyed from Lula, will not likely be built, that is to Dalhousie. It will strike some other point.

Many of our citizens got out of wood during the cold spell and had to borrow. Then the necessity of a wood yard could be seen, for it would have been about the only business that could have been run successfully. Some of our boarding house keepers had to turn off their guests on account of their inability to get fuel to supply them. The price of wood advanced from fifty cents to 81 per cord.

\$100 REWARD. \$1000.
The reader of this paper will be pleased to learn that there is at least one dreaded disease of the skin which has been able to cure in all its stages and that is Catarrh. Hall's Catarrh Cure is the only positive cure known to the medical fraternity. Catarrh being a constitutional disease, requires a constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system thereby destroying the foundation of the disease, and giving the patient strength by building up the constitution and assisting nature in doing its work. The proprietors have so much faith in its curative powers, that they offer One Hundred Dollars for any case that it fails to cure. Send for list of testimonials.

Address, F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.
Sold by Druggists 75c per bottle.

Mr. Lewis Cochran desires to buy some beef cattle.

Fresh fish and oysters at W. B. Woodward's at mall time this evening.

Clerk John Meador killed a hog Wednesday which weighed 325 pounds.

Gainesville pork and beef sausage at W. B. Woodward's, at 11 cents per pound. Guaranteed to be first-class.

If you happen to get a batch of SICKLES distribute them among your friends and ask them to subscribe for a copy.

Tom Johnson, charged with a misdemeanor, was given up to the sheriff Wednesday by his bondsman, Mr. D. M. Grizzle, and put in jail.

Luther Hightower went up to take charge of the Pleasant Hill school last Monday, but its opening was postponed until warm weather.

Several farmers from this section who went to the lower markets, loaded with chickens and eggs, lost the most of them. Both chickens and eggs froze.

The Hand & Barlow Co. will commence to repair the lumber tubes in the spring. It requires 140,000 feet of lumber to do the job. They have already 70,000 feet out and the Huff Bros are saving the other.

Calamus Stout writes to his father from Florida that the freeze was the severest ever known in that state. Men, who but a few days ago were worth thousands of dollars, are not to-day worth a dollar on account of the destruction of their orange groves.

The legislative committee on privileges and elections, met in Atlanta last Tuesday to investigate several contests of parties desiring seats in the legislature. Col. Price is a member of this committee but he could not be on hand at the beginning on account of the severe weather.

Notwithstanding the sickness of Judge Williams last week, he did not forget the poor and needy that were unable to provide for themselves during the freezing weather. He sent for the town marshal and requested him to go around and ascertain what needed food and wood. Several families were found to be out of both. They were soon supplied and made comfortable and happy. If any one was not cared for it is their own fault, for the marshal, mayor and ordinary all had an eye to this charitable business.

The meteoric ball which passed over between eleven and twelve o'clock Tuesday night frightened a great many of our citizens. It roared like a steam engine almost and lit up the earth as bright as day. People were awoken and jumped from their beds thinking their houses were on fire. Mr. W. V. Jones, who had not retired and was engaged at his desk in the store, says that many things rattled on the shelves as if caused by an earthquake.

Frank Worley, who brought the mail from Gainesville on the 7th suffered intense pain from the sudden change in the weather. This cold of Leathers', Ford it got so cold that he had to leave his buggy on account of the mud gathering and freezing on the wheels. He placed the mail on one horse, and led the other and rode to Ararat, a distance of two miles, without a blanket or an overcoat while the mercury was at zero. When he reached Ararat his body and limbs were aching with pain. Uncle Jimmie Woods had him to warm and eat his supper. Then he placed something over his ears and had him to put on his overcoat, and Frank proceeded on his journey and reached Dalhousie between nine and ten o'clock that night.

THE GENUINE MERIT
Of Hood's Sarsaparilla friends wherever it is fairly and honestly tried. To have perfect health, you must have pure blood, and the best way to have pure blood is to take Hood's Sarsaparilla, the best blood purifier and strength builder. It expels all kind of scrofula, salt rheum and all other humors, and at the same time builds up the whole system.

Hood's Pills are prompt and efficient. 25c.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report

Quick Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

The public schools of Dalhousie have been suspended all of the week.

Not a pennyweight of gold has been dug in Lumpkin county this week.

The ground has been white with snow for more than a week, and there is no telling how long it will last.

We notice an unusual number of Lumpkin county young men going to college now preparatory to teaching school.

There are men in Lumpkin county who say that they will never cast another vote as long as the registration law is in force. Well, what does this hurt?

When the Atlanta Constitution clips anything from a democratic paper it gives the same credit, but when it takes anything from a popular sheet, it places it under the head of "From our special Correspondent."

We notice that the tax collector of other counties are securing the books and getting ready for voters to register. It is time that some arrangements were being made in this county. Let us not be behind, but endeavor to keep in the front rank.

Mr. John B. Simmons now holds the appointment for the 22nd Senatorial District to the N. G. A. College. We are sure that Hightower district will appreciate the honor conferred upon her worthy son by Senator M. G. Boyd. There is no finer young man in that district than Bennie Simmons.

There are two vacancies now in the board of jury revisers of Lumpkin county—one caused by death and the others' time having expired. It is to be hoped that Judge Kimsey will appoint a republican and a populist so that all political parties will be represented. It is nothing but justice.

Young man, stop and think before you violate the law. There are now four courts laid up in the infirmary from the Chatham county camps, with their feet so badly frozen, as the result of working in the water during the cold snap in December, that parts of the feet and toes are rotting off. This is the result of violating the law.

The Cleveland Progress changed hands last week and is now in the hands of a two hundred and sixty pounds democrat—Mr. W. V. Price; big Will, as he is generally known, who used to run the SIGNAL. He doesn't propose to run a paper in the interest of democracy alone but will have an eye to the welfare of White county and the welfare of his pocket book. We wish him abundant success at his quiet abode in the mountains.

As some desire to know why it is that the County or State School Commissioner cannot make a final settlement with the teachers of Lumpkin county for 1894, we will state that all the money due this county for last year has been paid except the poll tax. The sum of \$850.00—poll tax, is now placed to the credit of Lumpkin county's school fund but it cannot be paid out until the tax collector makes a final settlement with the state and sends in his insolvent list. This cannot be done until the 1st of Feb. now in the officers' hands, are either collected or returned to the tax collector nulla bona. So all teachers interested will have to be patient.

NOW IS THE TIME.
The benefit to be derived from a good medicine in early spring is undoubted, but many people neglect taking any until the approach of warmer weather, when they will find a tender fever in a hot sun. Sweating much done to purify the blood, overcome that tired feeling and give necessary strength. Vacation is earnestly longed for, but many weeks, perhaps months, must elapse before rest can be indulged in. To impart strength, and to give a feeling of health and vigor throughout the system, there is nothing equal to Hood's Sarsaparilla. It is perfectly adapted to overcome that prostration caused by change of season, climate or life, and while it purifies and restores the system it builds up the system. Feb. 15th.

A little shoe maker has made its appearance at Jno. Housley's.

Mr. Barlow Anderson went hunting Monday and brought down eight partridges at one shot.

Capt. Williams was unable to be in his office several days last week on account of sickness.

Dr. Weld was confined to his room a few days last week on account of sickness.

Messrs. Brookshire & Jones have purchased the store house they now occupy from Mr. E. E. Crismon.

The price of wool advancing a few days ago caused many to lay all other business aside and go to hauling it to town.

Business has been unusually dull with the merchants during the bad weather as no one came to town unless they were compelled to.

Miner and wool choppers will find it to their interest to read the card of Dr. Weld to be found in this issue headed, "Take Notice—Warning."

Albert Whelchel and cadet Manley had a few hot words while snow hailing Monday. Only one lick was passed but it was not very damaging.

Notwithstanding the extreme cold weather, the comfort of the prisoners in jail has been carefully looked after and we have heard of no complaint.

Rev. W. A. Parks went up to Jones' Chapel Sunday evening to fill his appointment, but the weather was so cold that nothing but an empty house greeted him.

The checks for the widows of ex-soldiers of the Civil War in Lumpkin county have been received by the ordinary. They are requested to come and get them at once.

There still resides a gentleman in this county—Mr. Harvey Parks, who, some years ago, killed forty-nine blackbirds at one shot with a single barreled shot gun.

Our County School Commissioner has at last succeeded in getting all the schools in the county supplied with teachers, and the only drawback now is the severe weather.

A team of horses attached to a wagon, belonging to B. R. Meadors, became frightened and ran away last Saturday on the square. No damage except the skinning of a shade tree or two.

John Housley has been experiencing bad luck this week. He said his old mare lay down the other night to rest no more, his only run mad and died and his barn rooster crowed itself to death.

None of the mines will likely resume operation before next week. The closing out of the mining operations on account of the cold weather has not occurred here until this winter for quite a number of years.

Our citizens realized the necessity of a railroad to Dalhousie during the late freeze more than at any other time. Here we were, out of supplies, all of which had to come from the depot at Gainesville, and not a single freight wagon could move a wheel.

Rev. W. A. Parks, located at Dalhousie, who was Chaplain in the Confederate States army, is having a map prepared and will soon visit several places and deliver a lecture on the Seige and Fall of Vicksburg. The first place he will visit will likely be Dawsonville.

DID YOU EVER?
Try Electric Bitters as a remedy for your troubles! If not, get a bottle now and get well. This medicine has been found to be peculiarly adapted to the relief and cure of all Female Complaints, exerting a wonderful direct influence in giving strength and tone to the organs. If you have loss of Appetite, Constipation, Headache, Fainting spells, or are Nervous, Sleepless, Excitable, Melancholy or troubled with Dizzy Spells, Electric Bitters is the medicine you need. Health and strength are restored by its use. Large bottles only fifty cents at E. C. Cartledge Druggist.

A Warning to Loafers.

There are a half dozen or more of boys, both black and white, who do daily business in the store to store, and who have no visible means of support. The ordinary informs us that he is going to take this matter in hand as soon as the weather moderates, according to law, and see that they go to work and earn an honest living. They must get jobs of their own or else be let out to the highest bidder.

There is a young negro that gets his meals by all kinds of the outest villainy. He stole the calaboose blankets a few days ago and sold them to two negro women and then afterwards borrowed them and placed them back in the calaboose. A warning to these loafers ought to be sufficient.

Honor Roll N. G. A. College.

SENIOR.
D. H. Alexander, A. D. Hammond, W. L. Kinsey, G. F. Pettit, Alice Roberts, T. W. Seabolt.

JUNIOR.
R. M. Bryson, H. C. Dasher, R. C. Nix, G. C. Oats, O. Palmar, W. R. Singsfield.

SOPHOMORE.
D. W. Almond, W. A. Boyd, J. P. Cheney, E. W. Graham, R. L. King, F. L. Lanier, W. R. Lanier, G. M. Mitchell, J. A. Pool, A. E. Ramsaur.

FRESHMAN.
G. W. Bell, J. L. Bell, M. W. Chastain, S. H. Cheney, F. L. George, T. T. Harris, E. S. Hanser, W. G. Martin, B. W. Mitchell, Hattie Rogers, Noona Ware, W. C. Wood.

SUB FRESHMAN A.
H. Allen, W. J. Anderson, L. A. Bush, A. Byers, W. V. Collins, Blanche Cook, J. A. Dockery, H. Garley, W. C. Ham, S. A. Harris, M. M. Phillips, J. B. Simmons, W. C. Wallace, J. E. Wilkins.

SUB FRESHMAN B.
A. O. LaPrade, E. L. Waddell.

When so many people are taking and deriving benefit from Hood's Sarsaparilla, why don't you try it yourself? It is highly recommended.

The Cold Wave in Dalhousie.

Dalhousie has had some of the severest weather known here for years. On the morning of the 8th while the ground was covered with snow the sun shown out and all were in hopes that the weather would moderate. But instead of this it grew rapidly colder. The wind blew and the mercury commenced falling until the following morning when it reached its lowest—five degrees below zero. It grew but little warmer that day and the next morning it stood at two degrees below zero. Our readers can have an idea of what a sudden change there was in the weather when we tell them that the mercury fell over forty degrees in six hours.

The public schools suspended and the water in the canals froze so as to stop all mill operations. In fact all outdoor work came to a close. All traveling ceased. Even the stages carrying the mails ceased to move. It was so severe that chickens fell dead from their roosts, while many young calves ceased to breathe.

Many say that it was the coldest weather known here for twenty years.

Saturday and Sunday it commenced moderating, and Monday morning at 10 o'clock it began snowing again and continued until it covered the ground to a depth of from six to eight inches. So this is the kind of weather we have been having in Dalhousie.

A HOUSEHOLD TREASURE.
D. W. Fuller, of Canajoharie, N. Y., says that he always keeps Dr. King's New Discovery in the house and that he has always found the very best results follow its use; that he would not be without it, if procurable. G. A. Dylman Druggist, Catskill, N. Y., says that Dr. King's New Discovery is undoubtedly the best cough remedy that he has used in his family for eight years and it has never failed to do all that is claimed for it.

Why not try a remedy so long tried and tested? Try a bottle free of cost. Cartledge Druggist. Regular size 50c and \$1.00.

25 CENTS.

The GARDNER ANGLO, the sensational cartoon Populist paper, of Washington, D. C., is an 8 page, 6 column, sten-writer, brass-lined and copper-bottomed, at only 25 cents a year (in clubs). Send for it, or send 2 cent stamp for a sample copy, or send us list of names and we will send you a copy by its use. Large bottles only fifty cents at E. C. Cartledge Druggist.

From Col. M. G. Boyd.

DALHOUSIE, Ga., Feb. 12, 1895.

ED. SIGNAL.
In your issue of February the 8th in speaking of parties obtaining goods on a credit and referring to the law of cheating and swindling you use the following language: "This is a similar bill to the one which Mr. Hurt, of this county, endeavored to have passed some time ago, but it was claimed to be unconstitutional."

I feel sure you do not intend to mislead your readers, yet the effect of the article would result in that way. The legislature did not change the law as it has existed since the adoption of the code. It merely amended the penalty. The statute as printed by you is precisely the same as it has appeared in the code since 1863, except the penalty.

The last legislature made the penalty for a violation of this law to fall under section 4310 of the code like all other misdemeanors. The penalty under the code was "fine or imprisonment in the common jail, or both, at the discretion of the court." The legislature thought there was no sense in having different penalties for the same grade of misdemeanors, besides this simplifies the matter.

If you had examined the caption of the acts of 1894, you would have found this matter to be exactly as I have stated it. Respectfully,
M. G. Boyd.

A Child Found Almost Frozen to Death.

Thursday evening of last week while snow was falling and the wind was blowing at the rate of forty miles an hour, and the mercury in the thermometer was fast approaching zero, marshal Anderson was informed that two women, Mrs. Jake Free, Mrs. Lang and her little child were in a log house near Mrs. Hannah Corn's plantation, destitute of either food or wood and were in very needy circumstances, liable to either starve or freeze to death.

The marshal procured some blankets, a horse and buggy and was not long in reaching the place. He found them in a much worse condition than he expected. The hut was built of pine poles and cracks in were large enough for a cat to pass through. There they sat around a few live coals in a tin pan, shivering with cold. The little child, which was about eighteen months old, had its feet buried in the ashes and was crying. Not a thing was found in the house either to eat or to sit or sleep on, with not even an ax to cut any wood. The reader can imagine how distressing things looked.

The marshal wrapped the child up in the blankets and started off for the buggy at the same time telling the mother to follow. She, probably not hearing the officer and thinking that her child was going to be taken from her, fell to the ground and fainted. He ran back and as soon as she recovered explained matters and they both got into the buggy and were soon at the residence of the mayor who took charge of the mother and child until other arrangements could be made. Sympathetic citizens were not long providing clothes sufficient to keep the unfortunate couple comfortable, and now the mother is back at the fire-side of her father in the country with her babe, a much wiser woman, while the other female wanders from place to place.

A young lady who communicated to the North-Dalton Baptist church last Saturday night at the conference for putting a quart bottle of whisky on the Christmas tree for a friend. She now threatens to sue the church leaders for breaking open her package. It was a case of clear conscience.

Awarded Highest Honors—World's Fair, 'DR.

DR. KING'S NEW DISCOVERY
CREAM BAKING POWDER
MOST PERFECT MADE.
A pure Grape Cream of Tartar Powder. Free from Ammonia, Alum or any other adulterant. 40 YEARS THE STANDARD.

Tribute of Respect.

To the Worshipful Master, Warden and brethren of Elks Lodge No. 38, F. & A. M.

Your committee appointed to prepare suitable resolutions on the life and character of our departed brother, Thomas G. Porter, have to submit the following:

Bro. Thomas G. Porter was born in the state of South Carolina, Sept. 2nd, 1850. He was married to Miss Zolotha G. Banks, who died, leaving her sorrow-stricken husband at eight children, four sons and four daughters, to whom they were called. Uncle Tommy, as he was familiarly called by all who knew him, was married the second time to Miss Nancy Martin. She also preceded him to the Spirit Land several years. Though left alone aged and feeble, he still trusted in the God he had served so long, and was comforted in his old age. The last years of his life were spent at his daughter, Mrs. Hutton, and other relatives. He died on the 10th of Oct. 1894 at the home of his grand daughter, Mrs. Oliver Bell, in Lumpkin county, Ga., at 44 years of age, and lived an humble, faithful Christian to the end of his earthly existence. He loved the church and the preachers. Many of whom can bear witness to the hearty welcome given to them in his hospitable home.

He became a member of the M. A. S. Masonic Fraternity until after the death of his wife, hence he was not often in the lodge meetings. He was not buried with Masonic honors, the Lodge having no knowledge of his two occupations, who preceded him. Thus freed from the cares of this life he rests from his labors. Therefore Resolved, That we set apart a page of our record book to his memory. That we offer our condolences to his bereaved children commending them to their fathers God.

2nd, That we tender them a copy of these resolutions, and request the Dalhousie Signal to publish the same.

Respectfully submitted, Feb. 2, 1895.
A. F. Norcross,
W. H. McKee,
M. G. Boyd.

Bucklin's Arnica Salve.

The best Salve in the world for cuts, bruises, sores, ulcers, salt rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, chapped hands, Chilblains, corns, and all skin eruptions, and positively cures Piles or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by E. C. Cartledge Druggist, Feb. 9, 95.

FOR THE BLIND.
BRYAN'S "TWO" BATTERIES.
It comes quick to relieve.

WANTED.

Do you want to start the new year in a good position? Will you not call, provided you are a good salesman and collector? We want five "engraved name" canvassers. Selling Sewing Machines and Crockery. If there is an agent in your community, send us your name wherever in a good season. We furnish a nice light running wagon, agent for the best harness and make a \$500.00 bond. We offer a good salary or commission on sales, no matter which a live energetic, hustling man can make and save money, men of good character and good will do well to secure work with this Company, for if they do not, they will be disappointed. It is handled honorably, they will be promoted to positions of greater trust and responsibility with increased compensation. Address,
D. L. PIERCE, Dist. Agent,
Dalhousie, Ga.
J. H. HARTLEY, Manager,
Atlanta, Ga.

Feb. 15, 95 2m

Take Notice—Warning.

On and after this date any person making use for mining and milling purposes of any land belonging to the land & Barlow Co., or to Christian Hall, Esq., or to W. H. R. Wright, without a written order signed by Christian Hall, Esq., and countersigned by W. H. R. Wright, shall be liable to a fine of \$100.00 for trespass without further notice. This applies to ditch water as well as branch, creek or river water on the above property. The same rule will apply to any water on the above property. The same rule will apply to any water on the above property.

Witness my hand and seal of office, this 15th day of February, 1895.
Vice-President Hall & Barlow Co.,
Feb. 15, 1895.

Sheriff's Sales.

GEORGIA, LUMPKIN COUNTY:
Will be sold before the court house door, in Dalhousie, in said county, on the first Tuesday in March, 1895, with clause of the best bid, to the highest bidder for cash, the following property to-wit:

An undivided four-tenths mineral interest in and to lots of land Nos. 325, 226 and 1113, in the 12th district and 1st section of said county. Also the undivided four-tenths interest in and to all the mines and mineral interests in lots of land Nos. 17, 18, 48, and 82 in the 12th district and 1st section of said county of Lumpkin. Also the undivided four-tenths interest in and to all the mining machinery, fixtures, tools and tools now contained in and upon said deceased land and to be sold. The property is known as the Josephine Mine and more fully described in a deed made by John F. Higbee, Joseph C. Wilkins and a deed from said John F. Higbee to Wilkins. The deed is recorded in the clerk's office of Lumpkin County Court. Said property being leased to the property of John G. Wilkes by virtue of a lease, issued from the Superior Court of Lumpkin County, Georgia, in favor of J. F. Higbee, said J. F. Wilkes.

Also the section time and place the following property, to-wit: Lots of land Nos. 21 in the 12th district and 1st section of said county of Lumpkin and in each lot 40 acres more or less, levied on the property of J. F. Tansley to satisfy a debt, issued from the Superior Court of Lumpkin County, in favor of the First National Bank of Atlanta, Ga., vs. the said J. F. Tansley. Property placed for sale by plaintiff's attorney.

Also at the same time and place, the following property, to-wit: Lot of land No. 21 in the 12th district and 1st section of said county of Lumpkin and in each lot 40 acres more or less, levied on the property of J. F. Tansley to satisfy a debt, issued from the Superior Court of Lumpkin County, in favor of the First National Bank of Atlanta, Ga., vs. the said J. F. Tansley. Property placed for sale by plaintiff's attorney.

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ONE DOLLAR PER YEAR

The Atlanta Constitution and NUGGET

For \$1.25 cash per year.

VOL. VI. NO. 8.

Carlow-Tide.

Sweet shop, the night time's latest child
One all the world her sister by her side,
Each flower, branch her influence mild,
Fresh fragrance sheds,
The only, so stent voice, the wind,
Sings from the woodlands, only one,
At carlow-tide,
When day is done.

No more the changing rocky rings
With voice of many a sister by her side,
The startled wood dove's eia tering wings
No more are heard;
Soft voices like whispers faintly sighed,
Soft breezes through the treetops run,
At carlow-tide,
When day is done.

So may it be when life is spent,
When no'er another sun can rise,
Nor light one other joy present,
To dying eyes,
Then softly may the spirit glide
To realms of rest, disturbed by none,
At carlow-tide,
When day is done.

THE NEW WOMAN.

The dark-eyed Miss Brown smiled a little wickedly as she gathered her filmy skirt up in her hand and tripped up the stairs with the most approved Delatran grace. She felt sure that Mr. von Ehren was watching her progress with admiration, and she suspected that each click of her high-heeled slippers upon the stairs brought a thrill to his youthful German heart. That was why the dark-eyed Miss Brown smiled.

When she had hung up the filmy frock and kicked off the high-heeled slippers and was attired in a dressing gown and knitted, shapless footgear she was still smiling. She brushed her hair and looked at herself critically.

"I am certainly better looking than I was," she murmured appreciatively. "And I know how to use the most of my charms better than I did. This pink tinge is very becoming. He must be younger than I. It's almost mean of me to let myself fascinate him. Those Germans are so romantic. They are not flippant. They do all the things like our men." Here Miss Brown's eyes looked sombre, and she glared for a second at a photograph on her table. Then her face brightened again, and she went on in her reflections.

"If it were purely a personal matter," she decided, "I simply would not do it. But it is not personal. Those foreigners are really in a state of painful ignorance about the American woman. I dare not say they think a girl who has been to the United States must be fascinating. For me to prove that we can be all things to men will be really a patriotic act—a vindication of the New Woman, a triumph over the flaxen-haired, Madonna-faced, eternally demure, and still, of course, it mustn't be allowed to go too serious; I don't want him shooting himself or me."

With this charitable conclusion, Miss Brown climbed into the big four-posted bed, which filled the larger part of her room. The quaint old homestead, where she was spending the summer, and fell at once into the refreshing sleep which comes especially to those whose minds are free from guile.

In pursuance of her patriotic plan, Miss Brown permitted the young German, with the handsome, boyish face and the courtly air, to be her constant attendant everywhere. He seemed to like the position. His eyes gleamed for the instant he entered the dining-room. If she started out for a ramble, he always sprang to her side, and with his foreign air of deference and humility, begged permission to accompany her. Everyone about the place noticed and smiled at the young man's apparent attention.

Miss Brown played her part exceedingly well. She was a clever young woman and she never allowed her youth to become too personal or too sentimental. She told him about her college life and he seemed to never weary of her tales. She dismissed everything with him from the classics to clambakes and from poetry to politics. She was one of the few young women who could do this in a way that would inspire the respect of a man who knew nothing of these subjects, but who was unaccustomed to women who knew anything outside the purely feminine realm.

It was before the evening that Miss Brown tried to tell Mr. von Ehren in the bawling of Browning that she decided to stop playing with

him. She did not fear it herself, but, as she puts it, a conscience not quite outgrown kept her from getting real enjoyment out of other people's agonies. And the courtly, well-spoken young man had really seemed to her until last evening to be approaching the stage of agony.

"I cannot understand your Browning," he said in his deep voice, with the marked German accent which all the summer boarders found so delightful. "What is it which he means by the Arch-Pear in a visible form, yet the strong man must go?"

"Oh, you've been reading 'Prospice,' have you?" said Mr. von Ehren's guide. "He means death, of course." "I understand better the rest. The rest is very beautiful," said he, and he began to quote it. But Miss Brown did not want to hear "Oh, thou soul of my soul," even with the quotation marks, so she stopped him.

"Well, if I may not be permitted to speak of it," said the gentleman, obligingly, "may I ask your permission to read the little poem I find here: 'One Way to Live? You might kindly elucidate that.'"

Miss Brown didn't care to hear the poem.

"All!" said Mr. von Ehren. "It is not so so we love. When we have missed the heaven we do not say 'those who win heaven, blest are they.' We love otherwise."

"You are still Worthless over there, I imagine," said Miss Brown lightly, trying to escape the subject.

"Pardon me," said the young man, rising also, "if I ask you what may seem to you a most important question. You have told me and shown me so much about America and Americans, will you not tell me how it is that American women love?"

"Herr von Ehren must ask a more experienced American woman than I that question," answered Miss Brown, with a certain dignity. She was annoyed. If the man was going to make an idiot of himself it would be disgusting.

"It is not," purred he, "as our women do. I am convinced of that. You are all different. You—"

"It is a subject on which one cannot generalize," broke in Miss Brown, quick, "and on which we most certainly do not wish to particularize. I think there's a fog coming in."

"The frankest wishes the subject changed," hazarded the German, smiling at Miss Brown in a peculiarly irritating way. "But before we leave I may I not ask her congratulations that I know about the German ways of loving?"

Miss Brown for the moment was most staggered; but before the German could utter another word she gave a brief description of the young woman who was waiting for him to finish his travels, and Miss Brown struggled desperately to think what had been the secret of his devotion to herself.

She never knew until the next winter, when there came a marked copy of a German magazine to her, containing a very delightful article on "The New Woman in America," by Professor Seigmund von Ehren—Baltimore Telegram.

An Electric Horn.
A. B. Wookes has invented an "electric horn," says London Inventor, with which he has recently carried out a series of experiments, to take the place of electric bells or gongs, etc., where an alternating current of electricity is available. The apparatus is based upon the principle of the telephone receiver, and consists, in its simplest form, of a disc of sheet iron placed in front of one of the poles of an electro-magnet, the coil of the latter being arranged to take an alternating current of 100 volts.

The method of working is as follows: When the current is switched on the reversals of magnetism produced in the iron core by the current causes a corresponding number of vibrations in the disc. Thus, if a current with 250 alternations per second is employed, the disc gives 250 complete vibrations per second, and produces a note corresponding in pitch with the number of vibrations. With

a current of a given number of alternations, the pitch of the note is constant, no matter what the diameter or thickness of the disc, since the master, in all of these, is obliged to vibrate at the same rate. The timbre and intensity of the sound, however, can be made to vary in a number of ways. In order to obtain an intense sound with a small amount of current, the diaphragm or disc must strike, whilst vibrating, the iron core or some other body.

No Proof of Death.
A curious action arising out of a remarkable accident at the Mulhausen Chemical Works is about to occupy the German courts. Conrad Wuehner entered the works with a lantern at 5.30 a. m., and that an explosion occurred almost immediately, followed by the bursting of the acid tanks. Nothing has since been seen of the man, not even a shred of his clothing or a fragment of his body. Wuehner's life was insured, and the widow claims the amount of the policy, but the company declines to accept such a ground that there is no proof of death.

The chemical analysis in the flooded works after the explosion occurred revealed traces of animal matter, such as dissolving bone, but the insurance company declines to accept such a ground that there is no proof of death. The passenger receipts on this road increased fifteen per cent last year, and on the main line which runs from the capital, Tokio, to Yokohama, the chief export, which has twice over the year, and these are as well run as those between Philadelphia and New York. The passenger receipts on this road increased fifteen per cent last year, and on the main line which runs from the capital, Tokio, to Yokohama, the chief export, which has twice over the year, and these are as well run as those between Philadelphia and New York.

Pigeons for Postal Service.
A flock of pigeons which always can be seen around the general postoffice in London and roost under the porticoes of the building have given rise to a popular impression that they are used in the postal service. But it is not true. There have been experiments with carrier pigeons by the British postal authorities, and there is a regular bureau for such service in Berlin, but they have proved impracticable in London except for military purposes and their use is confined to the army.

The pigeons at St. Martin's Le Grand are attracted by the oats that drop from the nose bags of the horses that draw the mail wagons.—Chicago Record.

Sea Air vs. Living Skeletons.

Macdonald Gordon, of Hoxley, Australia, weighed but thirty-four pounds although six feet in height and broad in proportion. Some London sportsmen heard of the freak and resolved to put the "blooming living skeleton" on exhibition in the British capital. They sent a man to the Antipodes to bring the skinny Mac at any reasonable figure, but when he arrived they were on the point of rejecting the agent for fraud—the "living skeleton" weighed 141 pounds! The sea air and change of food had ruined the speculation.—(St. Louis Republic).

A Grand Duchess Coffee.
The Grand Duchess of Baden has the reputation of knowing enough about cookery to keep her three chefs up to the mark, and as a consequence the best of all the royal tables of Europe is to be found at the Court of Baden. The Grand Duchess makes the coffee herself in a Russian coffee-pot, and the guests are always expected to praise it.

Uncertainty.
"She determined to see a musician, but can't decide to make a specialty of the violin or the piano." "Has she no positive predilection for either?" "Oh, yes, but some of her friends think she looks better standing, and others that sitting is more becoming to her."—Detroit Tribune.

A New Symptom.
Mama—Im worried about Johnny. He complains of a severe headache, and you know, he has never been ill before—
Papa—Never been ill? He's always complaining of headaches!
Mama—Tot interrupted him. I was going to say he has never been ill before on Sunday.

JAPAN'S RAILROADS.

Splendid Service and Cheapest Fares in the World.

Pictureque Individuals Who Compose the Traveling Public.

There is a wonderful railroad development going on in Japan, writes Frank G. Carpenter in the Washington Star. New roads are being extended in every direction, and with the industry which the country will probably get from the Chinese there will be an enormous increase in all kinds of public improvements. During my stay in Japan I met many of the chief railroad men of the country, and I was told that the revenue of nearly every railroad there are increasing. The government roads have a net profit of more than \$2,000,000 in 1883, and the increase in passenger receipts over the year preceding was more than \$300,000. There was an increase of \$100,000 in freight receipts and this was an increase of more than fourteen per cent. There is a line running from the capital, Tokio, to Yokohama, the chief export, which has twice over the year, and these are as well run as those between Philadelphia and New York. The passenger receipts on this road increased fifteen per cent last year, and on the main line which runs from the capital, Tokio, to Yokohama, the chief export, which has twice over the year, and these are as well run as those between Philadelphia and New York.

Greatest Peanut Market.
The greatest peanut market in the United States is Norfolk, Petersburg comes second and Smithfield third. In these towns there are many big factories employed in the business of roasting marketable the nuts that are sent in by the farmers. They are first thoroughly winnowed and screened to cleanse them, and then are sorted, the best being picked out by young girls, who stand on either side of the sorting belts, upon which the nuts are thrown. Finally they are placed in bags of 100 pounds each, and shipped to jobbers in various cities. The jobbers sell them raw or roasted, the latter to grocers mostly. They do the sorting in great cylinders that will hold twenty or thirty bushels at a time. The cylinder revolves at a moderate rate of speed, whilst big iron "wings" inside of it remain stationary, the result being that the peanuts are kept thoroughly stirred.

A generation ago most of the peanuts consumed in this country were imported from Africa. The African "goober" is small and round, the shell containing only one kernel usually. The American "ground nut" is simply an African nut, modified by conditions of soil and climate in the United States. Plant our peanut in Africa, and before long it reverts to the original African type from which it was produced.—Washington Star.

California's Wonderful Temple.
In Southern California in the County of San Luis Obispo, there is situated one of the most remarkable prehistoric monuments known to the archeologists. From a distance it looks like an immense rock rising from the plains of Carispa, but upon nearer approach it is seen to be a temple of extraordinary dimensions and of unknown antiquity.

The inner court has a low floor of 250 feet long and 125 feet wide and the ceiling is from 60 to a hundred feet high. The building was evidently used by prehistoric man, but for what purpose, and how long since no one knows. It has been suggested, however, that it was a temple of the sun, the capital of some ancient government. The wall and portions of the ceilings are beautifully decorated with painting in colors, red, white and black, many of them supposed to have some symbolic meaning. The ceiling is apparently as bright as when first laid on. The Indians of that locality are said to have no traditions concerning the building of this temple, yet they all regard it with superstitious reverence.—St. Louis Republic.

A String to Her Love.
He—Darting, will you love me when I'm gone?
She—Yes, if you are not too far gone.—Tit-Bits.

"Stretch watch," grown in Switzerland, has two grains to each ear.

tea who come to the ear windows. You buy all sorts of food very cheap, and you can get tepid of Japanese tea, with a tensity on top, anywhere. I remember of riding one day with John W. Thompson, a Washington banker, and when the hour for lunch came we concluded to buy two pots of tea. I got them and offered the man to come and look rather queer, and I thought I had not given him enough, and was about to hand him twenty more, when, to our surprise, he gave me back five cents, and our guide told us that we were to keep the pots and the cups. This was two tea pots, two cups and about one quart of tea for the sum of five cents, or for two and a half cents in American money. Such a tepid at home would cost at least twenty-five cents, and other things were proportionately cheap. There is no place in the world where you can travel better and more cheaply than in Japan, and there is no place where you get so much for your money. There are good hotels everywhere, and the best hotels of Tokio, Yokohama and Kobe are equal to the best hotels of New York. The hotel rates at the best houses are from four to five dollars a day in silver, which is just half those amounts when reduced to the gold value. The food and other things are proportionately cheap and carriages—your ride about, you know, in junkies, cost you from ten to fifteen cents an hour.

Guarding Money.
Look, then, to Asia, where is found the loftiest summit in the world—the Kailash peak of Mount Everest, in the Himalayas, five and a half miles above the sea. It is surpassed by the stack of gold pieces. In fact, the column of double eagles would be six miles high and something over. One hundred million dollars worth of gold one-dollar pieces, stacked up in the same way, would reach a height of twenty-eight and a half miles. If one owned the stack and spent the coin at the rate of \$1 a minute, he would not go broke until the end of 190 years. For the storage of 100,000,000 in bags of 500 in gold, seventeen hundred cubic feet would be required. The same sum in one-dollar bills sewn together would carpet 320 acres of more than half of a square mile of land. As a matter of fact Uncle Sam will receive for his \$100,000,000 worth of bonds—including the last and present issues—about \$118,000,000 in money, thanks to the premium.

Laying Railroad Track.
Two methods of laying railroad track are in common use. One is by means of "barries," small and strongly built push cars, each section men use. When these are employed enough rails and ties for half a day's work are loaded on a train and pushed to the track, where sufficient material to lay 700 or 800 feet is thrown off, the train backs away, the teams haul and distribute the ties along the grade, a dozen rails and their fastenings are placed on a trolley and run to the end of the track, where four iron men on each side carry out a rail and drop it into place on the previously straightened ties. The spikers tighten the bolts in the fastenings, the spikers drive sufficient spikes to hold the rails in place, the larry moves forward thirty feet, and the process is repeated till all the load is removed, when the car is turned around and another load pushed forward. All this goes on with the utmost rapidity and with clockwork regularity, every man having his place and filling it like a machine. Others follow in the rear, straightening the track and completing the bolting and spiking. Laying track with barries requires about twenty-five men to complete a mile a day, and with locomotive service and superintendence costs about \$225 a mile.

The most popular modern method of laying the track is by machinery. The material is placed on a train of flat cars, as with the barries. Along one side of the train is a trough, the bottom being a series of rollers two feet apart. Into this trough the ties are thrown and pushed ahead to the front of the train, the engine being in the rear. This trough extends thirty feet beyond the end of the first car, and as the ties run out they are dropped across the grade in proper position. On the opposite side of the train is another smaller trough for rails, and the two sets of iron men grasp the rails as they follow each other from the trough and place them on the ties. As soon as they are fastened the train moves forward a mile-length. This method is more economical and leaves the surface of the grade uncut by wagons, but it is limited in speed to about one and one-half miles a day, which is not considered fast work nowadays.—Chicago Herald.

One Way of Keeping Warm.
It may not be generally known that, when exposed to severe cold, a feeling of warmth is readily created by repeatedly filling the lungs to their utmost extent in the following manner. Throw the shoulders well back and hold the head well up. Inflate the lungs slowly, the air entering entirely through the nostrils. When the lungs are completely filled, hold the breath for ten seconds or longer, and then expire it quickly through the mouth. After repeating this exercise while one is chilly, a feeling of warmth will be felt over the entire body, and even in the feet and hands.—Northwestern Magazine.

A Sure Indication.
"I didn't know that young Slimy and Miss Trippet cared for each other."
"Why, they've just had a quarrel and don't recognize each other when they meet."—New York Press.

GUARDING MONEY.

Precautions of the Government in Transporting Bonds.

What One Hundred Million in Gold Coin Means.

From 1871 to 1881, writes Revue Baehle in a Washington letter, hundreds of millions of dollars' worth of securities, both coupon and registered, were transmitted to London for negotiation. They were carried by trusted messengers, the sums represented being often in negotiable paper, and amounting to gigantic fortunes. Undoubtedly the same method of transportation will be adopted in case any fresh issue is to be disposed of in Europe.

An enterprise of this description is always kept very secret by the government authorities, because it is not deemed wise to invite attention to the contemplated transportation of immense values in small compact parcels and land water. The custom has always been to issue private orders to the men who are to act as messengers. They sit on the safe all night while on route to New York, with pistols ready in case of an emergency. To hold up the train would be likely to prove a serious business for any robbers who might attempt such an enterprise. On reaching New York, the messengers are met by officials from the sub-treasury. The safes are conveyed to the sub-treasury and are kept there until the time arrives for the sailing of the steamer on which they are to go.

The safes are hauled to the steamer in a wagon, under the same guard, and are put in the special vault in the hold of the ship. Every great passenger vessel nowadays has a steel-clad strong room, like a bank's, for carrying gold and other valuables. Hundreds of millions of dollars in gold are shipped across the Atlantic to and fro every twelve months. The bonds being loaded up, the messengers are relieved of care for the time being—that is to say, until the steamer reaches Queens-wharf. Then the safe vault is opened for the purpose of getting the gold, which is kept in the strong room. The messengers stand guard until the mail has been taken out and the vault is locked up again. They have no further duties to perform until the ship arrives at Liverpool.

It seems queer that Uncle Sam, at peace with all the world, should have to borrow \$100,000,000 in a single year to help pay running expenses. Such a sum is beyond the power of the human mind to grasp. One hundred million of dollars in gold. Just think of it. That amount of the yellow metal weighs about 200 tons. Take \$100,000,000 worth of \$20 pieces and stack them up in one pile, like poker chips. Truly, they would make a pretty tall column. How tall, do you suppose? As tall as the Washington monument? That giant obelisk is 555 feet high. The stack of gold pieces would be taller than that. The Eiffel tower in Paris is the highest structure in the world, 1009 feet tall. Yet this imaginary pile of yellow coins would considerably surpass it.

For a comparison, then, one must look to some natural elevation—a mountain, say, of small size. Vesuvius, the volcano of Naples, is three-quarters of a mile high. Yet the stack of gold pieces is higher. But why not take a big mountain—for example, Mt. St. Elias which, until recently has been supposed to be the tallest peak in North America? Though towering to a height of three and a quarter miles, it is not so lofty as the pile of coins representing \$100,000,000. The highest mountain of South America is the active volcano of Aconcagua, in Chile. It reaches an elevation of four and a quarter miles, but is not so tall as the pile of coins.

Announcement Fees.
Congress.....\$10.00
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Ordinary.....3.00
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Tax Receiver.....2.00
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Coroner.....1.00
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Payments in Advance.
Communications recommending candidates for office will be charged for at the rate of 5c per line each insertion.

BY W. G. McNELLEY.

THE NUGGET.

Dalhousie, Ga., - February 22, 1895.

CAPT. R. R. ASBURY,

Of the 9th District, For Congress.

If the farmers of the 9th district want a true friend and a man from the proven ranks to represent them in the next Congress, let them consider the name of Capt. R. R. Asbury, of White county. He is a brainy, horny-handed tiller of the soil and can represent this district in the halls of Congress with as much grace and dignity as any lawyer. As the lawyers have held this office for the last half century, it would be nothing but fair and right for some brainy farmer like Capt. Asbury to take the place of the lawyers and wear the laurels. This being distinctively an agricultural district, the farmers should be represented by one of their own number in Congress.

ORGANIZING FOR WORK.

"The cities of Northern Georgia are effecting organizations for the purpose of encouraging immigration and doing that which is a great work for developing the resources of their respective localities. Every town south should have a village-club, an aggressive organization composed of its very best citizens, who will stand shoulder to shoulder, in pushing the advantages and attractions of their city and vicinity to the front. Every city and town should advertise itself and vicinity, in some manner, providing a highway to advertise. It all has a tendency to attract attention southward. The method of advertising is a question for each locality to decide for itself; and when decided the people should pull together and show up as extensively as possible the particular advantages possessed by their district.

"The South today is the most prosperous section of this commonwealth, and every Southern business man knows that it is very bright; that it offers better inducements for the farmer, the manufacturer, and the capitalist than any other section of the world. These advantages are as eternal as its hills and its rocks, with their rich mineral wealth and its beautiful valleys under every sky. In the face of these facts, and innumerable others which might be mentioned, it is a duty which every town and locality owes to itself, to have and possess a thorough and practical organization. All petty and personal grievances and differences, if any existing, should be laid aside, and let it be seen and understood and also recognized abroad, that here are a people that are pulling together."

We heartily commend and endorse the above, from the Southern Immigrant. Dahlgren needs an organized effort to attract capitalists here, and in order to attain this all petty differences should and must be laid aside. Why not the best citizens organize and pull together for the upbuilding of Dahlgren and Lumpkin county? The Nugget can always be depended on to do its part; but we recognize our weakness when singly and alone we strive to attain an object that can only be accomplished through united action on the part of all our citizens.

A ROMANCE OF THE MINES.

The Life History of an Interesting Gold Hunter of Cherokee County.

Canton, Adverse.

Gold mining often furnishes romances in real life no less interesting than the fictitious creations of the imagination of the novelist. Cherokee and Dawson counties have a celebrated character whose checkered life would furnish material for an interesting volume. Our hero is none other than our honored fellow-citizen, Dr. Frederick Charles, whose venerable figure figures slightly but with the weight of 50 years, often cheers Canton with his presence. Dr. Charles was born in Germany and thoroughly schooled and trained as a chemist. After reaching the years of maturity he emigrated to Hungary where he rose to distinction in his profession. In the revolution of 1848, being in the flush of young manhood, he tendered his services to the cause of liberty and was given a Brigadier-General's command in the Hungarian Patriotic Army. He served with distinction and was honored with the trust and confidence of the Patriotic Leader, Louis Hossuth, and remained with him until the patriot-army was defeated by the Austrian forces and driven from the country. Dr. Charles escaped with a number of others into Turkey and from there he went to Russia, and by permission of the government, made a tour of the vast mineral fields of Siberia. The Austro-Hungarian government offered amnesty to the old rebel patriots, like Dr. Charles, like Dr. Kossuth, scorned to accept a pardon and remained an exile. He

traveled over a large part of the world, crossing the Atlantic, settled in New York City where he practiced medicine for two years. On the breaking out of hostilities between the States, 1861, he joined the Confederate army where he received several wounds fighting gallantly. After the war he made a thorough examination of the mineral fields of Georgia, and finally bought a gold mine in the corner of Cherokee and Dawson counties, where he has remained in quiet and comparative obscurity ever since. The Doctor devotes much of his time to prospecting his mine and exploring the elements on the various spots held in this section. He often brings to Canton large nuggets, buttons and biscuits of gold which he exchanges at the Bank of Canton for the coined metals. His experiments and operations are both practical and profitable. The Doctor sold his mine a few weeks ago to a New York syndicate, and when he gets his affairs arranged he will probably go to South or Central America, presumably to make a fortune in the revolution. Dr. Charles is a perfect gentleman and has many friends in this section.

GOLD MINING IN GEORGIA.

Atlanta Constitution.

A recent issue of the Baltimore Manufacturers' Record contains a very interesting article on the present status of gold mining in the Dahlgren district of Georgia. During the thirties the gold fever was intense in northeast Georgia and Dahlgren was the center of operations for over 5,000 miners who were engaged in washing out gold from the neighboring gulches. The discovery of gold in California, and the war with Mexico, and when the war came on Dahlgren was almost a deserted mining camp. A few years ago several wealthy men from the north came to the gold fields in this section, and by taking advantage of new processes they have reaped a good profit from the low grade ores which are practically inexhaustible in this part of Georgia.

About 200 men are at work with in a radius of six miles from Dahlgren at the present time. The equipment for modern mining is very expensive, and small investors find it not so profitable as the old methods. They have the capital, however, for an improved equipment can mine the ore and deliver it into the mills at a cost of 25 cents per pound. This, of course, leaves a margin for big profits on low grade ores, and it is a well-known fact that two of the greatest gold mines in the world, the Homestake of South Dakota, and the Treadwell of Alaska, have made fortunes for their owners out of just such low grade ores. It is not far from here, so it is safe to say that the gold-mining industry in our northeastern counties will be a growing and a profitable business for a long time to come.

HAS FOOD TO SPARE.

And Millions of Acres of Land That Can Be Fenced on Easy Terms.

The States of the South have for years striven to attract immigrants to their fertile fields and unoccupied lands. We believe that their service in helping Nebraska, and the more effectual in attracting to themselves immigrants of the desired kind, than all the conventions for the encouragement of immigration that have been held in recent years. Gifts of provisions by those who have abundance, are more potent arguments than all the speeches that can be made. Already we have advised that a good many of the cultivators of the oil-fertilized regions of Kansas, Nebraska and Iowa are moving southward, and there need not be any doubt that this movement will be greatly enlarged when it becomes known that the South has food to spare, besides millions of acres of arable land and that can be procured on easy terms.

The entering wedge of a fatal complaint is often a slight cold, which is a dose or two of Ayer's Cherry Pectoral might have cured it. It is advisable to have this prompt and sure remedy always at hand to meet an emergency.

GO TO—

M. G. HEAD'S STORE FOR CASH BARGAINS.

Goods at astonishingly low prices to make room for my new spring stock.

Good brogan shoes 2 1/2.

Ladies' Shoes 75c.

Boys' Hats at cost.

Mens' Hats at cost.

Other goods in proportion.

Come and see.

M. G. HEAD.

Sheriff's Sale--March

GEORGIA, LUMPKIN COUNTY.

Will be sold before the court house door in Dahlgren, Ga., on the first Monday of March, 1895, within the legal hours of sale to the highest bidder for cash the following property to wit: Also at the same time and place lot of land No. 456 in the 12th district and 1st section of said county, containing 40 acres more or less, levied on as the property of M. B. Perry to satisfy a tax in favor of J. W. Walker, T. C., for state and county taxes for the year 1894.

Also at the same time and place lot of land No. 160 in the 12th district and 1st section of said county, containing 40 acres more or less, levied on as the property of M. B. Perry to satisfy a tax in favor of J. W. Walker, T. C., for state and county taxes for the year 1894.

Also at the same time and place lot of land No. 165 in the 12th district and 1st section of said county, containing 40 acres more or less, levied on as the property of J. D. Roschey to satisfy a tax in favor of J. W. Walker, T. C., for state and county taxes for the year 1894.

Also at the same time and place lot of land No. 216 in the 12th district and 1st section of said county, containing 40 acres more or less, levied on as the property of J. W. Walker, T. C., for state and county taxes for the year 1894.

Also at the same time and place lot of land No. 308 and 322 in the 11th district and 1st section of said county, containing 40 acres more or less, levied on as the property of J. W. Walker, T. C., for state and county taxes for the year 1894.

Also at the same time and place lot of land No. 308 in the 15th district and 1st section of said county, containing 40 acres more or less, levied on as the property of Geo. W. Shaffer to satisfy a tax in favor of J. W. Walker, T. C., for state and county taxes for the year 1894.

Also at the same time and place lot of land No. 308 in the 15th district and 1st section of said county, containing 40 acres more or less, levied on as the property of Geo. W. Shaffer to satisfy a tax in favor of J. W. Walker, T. C., for state and county taxes for the year 1894.

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Also at the same time and place lot of land No. 525 in the 5th district and 1st sec. of said county, containing 40 acres more or less, levied on as the property of E. E. Wetters to satisfy a tax in favor of J. W. Walker, T. C., for state and county taxes for the year 1894.

Also at the same time and place lot of land No. 735 in the 12th district and 1st section of said county, containing 40 acres more or less, levied on as the property of J. W. Walker, T. C., for state and county taxes for the year 1894.

Also at the same time and place lot of land No. 42 in the 15th district and 1st sec. of said county, containing 40 acres more or less, levied on as the property of A. G. Dawson to satisfy a tax in favor of J. W. Walker, T. C., for state and county taxes for the year 1894.

Also at the same time and place lot of land No. 456 in the 12th district and 1st section of said county, containing 40 acres more or less, levied on as the property of J. W. Walker, T. C., for state and county taxes for the year 1894.

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GAINESVILLE IRON & WORKS,

R. I. MEALOR, Manager.

General Machinists and Founders,

—MANUFACTURERS OF—

Steam Engines, Saw Mills, Syrup Mills, Shafting, Pulleys, Hangers, Gearing.

IRON AND BRASS CASTING.

Stamp Mills and Gold Mining Machinery,

Shoes, Dies, Cams and Tappets, Pipe and Steam Fitting Supplies, Steam Gauges, Water glasses, Globe Valves, Etc.

REPAIRING MACHINERY A SPECIALTY

Correspondence Solicited.

OFFICE AND SHOPS NEAR AIR LINE DEPOT, GAINESVILLE, GA.

CLARKE, BELL & CO.,

PROPRIETORS

CITY PLAINING MILLS,

Gainesville, Ga.,

—Manufacturers and Dealers in—

Sash Doors and Blinds, Paints, Oils, Plain and Polished Plate Glass Window Glass, etc. etc. etc. and Blat Glass, frosted and obscure, cut to any size.

A complete stock of Piping and Brass Fittings and Farm Engines, 14

pirators, Force Pumps and Sewer Pipes, Etc.

B. R. MEADERS & SONS,

PROPRIETORS

LIVERY, SALE AND FEED STABLES

Dalhousie, - - - - - Ga.

Will be traveling - - - - - is requested to put up their stock at my stable, where it is Dalhousie & vicinity.

First-Class Accommodations

GIVEN TO EVERYBODY.

E. C. Cartledge,

DEALER IN

DRUGS, Medicine

AND

TOILET GOODS.

A well-selected and fresh supply of Drugs and Medicines always in stock and customers will find my prices as low as Gainesville or Atlanta.

In Poor Health

means so much more than you imagine--serious and fatal diseases result from trifling ailments neglected.

Don't play with Nature's greatest gift--health.

Brown's Iron Bitters

It cures

Cypripedia, Kidney and Liver

Neuritis, Troubles,

Constipation, Bad Blood

Marked, Nervous ailments

Women's complaints.

Get only the genuine--it has crossed the Atlantic Ocean, and will do you good. On receipt of two stamps, we will send you a copy of our new book--"The Great Blood Purifier."

Send ten cents today will buy a Sinner's

Seven cents today will buy a Sinner's

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N.P. Pratt Laboratory

ATLANTA, GA.

Assays and analyses of gold, other

ores and all Commercial and Natural

Products

Our Assay Department is not second

even to the Government units, and all

charges are as reasonable as is consistent

with the high-class work.

Write for rates.

Our friends are cordially invited to call.

Feb. 22, 1895.

W. S. HUFF,

Attorney at Law

And Real Estate Agent.

Agent for the National Guaranty Com-

pany. Bonds made for Public and Corpora-

tions. Correspondence solicited.

Dalhousie, Ga.

C. H. WINBURN,

DENTIST,

Gainesville, Ga.

CROWN and Bridge work a specialty

A liberal amount of patronage solicited.

Office, ROOM 3, GORDON BLOCK,

UP STAIRS.

R. M. Hall, Max Hall, Jas R. Hall.

Hall Brothers,

CIVIL.

Mining and Hydraulic Engineers,

GATE CITY BANK BUILDING,

ATLANTA, GEORGIA.

General Surveys, Mines, quarries, Water

Powers.

W. P. PRICE. WM. A. CHARTERS

PRICE & CARTER,

Attorneys at Law,

—AND—

REAL ESTATE AGENTS,

DALHOUSIE, GEORGIA.

Collectors attend to and remittances

promptly made.

We process unusual facilities for reporting

Land Title and Supreme Court of Georgia.

Our Mr. Lilly will attend promptly to

all collections placed in his hands. (90242)

SOUTHERN RAILWAY CO.

(EASTERN SYSTEM)

SR

PIEDMONT AIR LINE.

OFFICIAL SCHEDULE OF PASSENGER TRAINS.

Northward

Southward

Richmond

Atlanta

Washington

Philadelphia

New York

Boston

Providence

Springfield

Hartford

Albany

Schenectady

Dalhousie Signal.

DAHLONEGA, FEB. 22, 1905.

Entered at the Dalhousie, Ga. P. O., as second class matter.

People are said to be starving in Oklahoma Territory.

The supply of rubber shoes was exhausted in Atlanta last week.

One hundred clerks have been dismissed in the census office at Washington.

Nearly four thousand people of Atlanta applied for assistance during the freeze.

A man was put under a \$300 bond in Atlanta last week for stealing a kiss from a girl.

The snow was ten and twelve feet deep in the mountains of Western North Carolina.

A Denver girl has sued a young man in Texas for \$50,000, for breach of promise to marry her.

The committee has decided that the Gwinnett populist representative is entitled to his seat. Not so much fraud after all.

Bill Cook, the notorious outlaw has been found guilty on half a dozen counts and sentenced to fifty years in the New York Penitentiary.

The gold bond bill was defeated last week in the house. Democrats for the bill 89, against 94. Republicans for the bill 31, against 63. Populist for the bill 10 against none.

Judge Kinsey has had a stove put in the White county jail. If it had have been done sooner it would have saved the county from paying heavy damages on account of prisoners almost freezing in jail.

G. W. Lowe of Duluth wears around his neck a handkerchief which he states is over 100 years old. It was brought over from old Ireland by one of his grand parents.

It is said and is a good state of preservation. He has also in his possession a four balloons worn by an officer in the revolutionary war.

Upon plea of guilty from each of them, Judge W. T. Newman of the United States district court has sentenced Anne Black, John Carnes, Sam Peoples and Chris Mitchell to two years in the Columbus penitentiary, and a fine of \$500 each, under an indictment for conspiracy in the well known Henry Worley hanging case.

A petition of 4,000 names was opened at Washington last week, praying all civilized governments to abandon all protection or recognition of the drink traffic and totally prohibit it within their respective jurisdictions. The names of the petitioners represent fifty countries and nationalities, and number of men and women about equal to the population of London.

Rolled up the document weighs a ton, unrolled and pasted in a single sheet, the petition would reach nearly thirty miles.

The Atlanta station house is a hotel for the weary traveler. When they can get shelter nowhere else they drop in and ask a night's lodging and breakfast. They tell wonderful stories of distress, unable to get work and about to freeze.

Over one hundred were locked up in three nights week before last and next morning allowed to go. Some of them returned the next night and asked to be locked up again as they could get nothing to do and must starve or steal. Some of these men are intelligent, and appear to have been well raised. Some are headless boys who have run away from a comfortable home, some are old stranded tramps. It must be a sad spectacle for men to ask to be locked up.

Each representative and delegate at Washington is entitled to \$125 worth of paper, pens, ink, pencils, etc., every session of congress, and if he does not avail himself of the full extent of this privilege he can draw the balance in cash. This congress, men are there have been unusually fortunate as there have been three separate sessions entitling them to an aggregate stationery account of \$275, and not a baker's dozen have taken out the full quota of stationery and the great majority have drawn but a few dollars worth. One of the accounts recently filed showed that he had drawn but three cents worth of stationery during the session, and another was for 53 cents, while quite a number were from between \$1 and \$1.50. Each committee of the house is entitled to a certain amount of pens, pencils, ink, etc., every session, and members avail themselves freely of this in preference to the troublesome and more expensive method of keeping a private supply.

A Strange Murder.

For two weeks the criminal court at Minneapolis, Minn., has been gathering details of a crime and of a gambler's career that was to make up a story quite as sensational as any ever published. Between yellow covers, the Hayward-Ging murder trial is referred to; and no fight of fancy could weave villainy, palter, cowardice, terror and crime into a more striking narrative than the witnesses in this case have done. Monks, the evil genius created by Dickens to torture poor Oliver Twist—and he was a superior devil in his way—was not a blacker villain than Hayward, the defendant, has been portrayed, on the witness stand, by his own brother.

Briefly told, Harry Hayward, a "society" man on the surface of his life, paid attention to Miss Ging, a milliner who had saved some money, until she became infatuated with him. Taking advantage of her infatuation, he induced her to have her life insured in his favor. So blind was the woman's love that she never for an instant suspected the man, who immediately after the issuance of the insurance policy, began to cast about for a means of killing her. It was developed in the trial that he talked with hucksters about the feasibility of having her killed in a runaway, and with bootmen about how she could be drowned, so that it would appear to have been accidental. Told his brother that he intended to murder the woman and said to him that getting the money of the insurance policy would be like picking up money.

He preferred, however, that some one else than himself should do the actual killing, and finally fixed up on the engineer of the train in which he lived—a weak minded man named Bixt—as his tool. By working upon Bixt's fears through his wife, the engineer was wrought up to the pitch of shooting Miss Ging to death, according to directions.

Upon the arrest of Bixt he made a full confession, which, with the corroborative evidence of other witnesses, showed Hayward's character to be most monstrous, and his crime one of the most cold blooded imaginable.

During the trial Hayward has maintained an appearance of utter nonchalance, smiling at the recital of the unfortunate woman's love for and confidence in him, and laughing when his tool, Bixt, and his own brother, Ardy Hayward, related his plans, his threats, etc.

The case has been almost concluded, and the verdict will be made known in a day or two. There seems to be little doubt at Minneapolis what the verdict will be.

Hayward seems to be a subject for the study of the mental pathologist. He appears to be a sane person; yet, according to the evidence, he is without a trace of moral sense.

He has for years passed as a gentleman; yet it appears that at heart he is a thing without conscience or regard for human life, save his own—Sav. News.

Henry Robinson and one of his sons were lodged in White county jail last week charged with stealing goods.

The U. S. Gov't Reports show Royal Baking Powder superior to all others.

ALL FREE.

Those who have used Dr. King's New Discovery know its value, and those who have not, but have the opportunity to try it free. Call on the advertised Druggist and get a Trial Bottle, free. Send your name and address to H. E. Ducken & Co., Chicago, and get a sample box of Dr. King's New Life Pills Free, as well as a copy of Guide to Health and Household Instructor, Free. All of which is guaranteed to do you good and cost you nothing. E. C. Cartridge Druggist.

White Swan Flour is now cheaper than ever before. Samples sent by mail on receipt of ten cent note and 1¢ will make you feel good on account of its treatment and low prices.

March 30 ly.

John F. Little.

—OLD STATE BANK BUILDING, GAINESVILLE, GEORGIA.

HARD TIMES PARALYZED

Gold dust can be used the same as cash General Merchandise to suit the wants of the people generally.

Best and cheapest grades of FLOUR. I make a specialty in Garden and Field Seeds.

White Swan Flour is now cheaper than ever before. Samples sent by mail on receipt of ten cent note and 1¢ will make you feel good on account of its treatment and low prices.

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Untold Agonies

Every Limb Ached With Muscular Rheumatism

A Perfect Cure by Hood's Sarsaparilla.

The cause of rheumatism is lactic acid in the blood, which accumulates in the joints, and gives the victim excruciating pain and aches. Hood's Sarsaparilla neutralizes the acid, purifies the blood and thus cures rheumatism.

"Five years ago I had my first attack of lumbago or muscular rheumatism. I was in bed for several weeks. I had a good physician but he did not do me any good. A friend recommended Hood's Sarsaparilla and I sent for a bottle. At that time I ached in every limb, especially in my back and legs. I felt as though I had a fever and for a few hours at night it was impossible to sleep. I suffered untold agonies. The least motion of my limbs was troublesome. I commenced to take Hood's Sarsaparilla and felt a decided change in three days. I was able to get out of bed in a week."

Secretary Candler has just discovered in his office a record showing the first record that ever occurred in Georgia. It bears the date of the 7th of December, 1754, and in the twenty-eighth year of the reign by his majesty King George. It was issued to John Reynolds, Esq. chaplain, general governor and commander in chief in and over his majesty's provinces in Georgia, authorizing the Rev. Mr. Bartolomew Zouberbuehler, minister of Savannah, to solemnize the rites of marriage of Thomas Bassett and Elizabeth Mills.

Bicycle riders in Chicago are to be required hereafter to pay an annual tax of \$2 on each bicycle owned by them. A bill proposing a similar tax is pending in the Wisconsin legislature. There are in Chicago something like 100,000 bicycles in use, and the city fathers think their riders should be made to contribute something toward keeping in repair the streets and roads they use. In Wisconsin the wheelmen have been carrying on a vigorous agitation for road improvements, and the legislators propose to give them an opportunity to pay for some of the improvements they are so anxious for.

There have been, since the organization of the county in 1822, only two hangings in Hall. Both of them were legal executions. The first hanging occurred in 1832, and took place on the hill south of the Methodist church near the old village place. The culprit was Constantine an Indian, who killed a fellow Indian, near Brown's Bridge. Just across the river from Gainesville was the Indian nation, but the state exercised jurisdiction beyond its confines in the nation. Counsel was brought on a huge oak tree. He was hanged in the middle of what is now Bradley street, in the residence of Judge J. B. Estes. For many years after the warrior had gone to the other limiting grounds the spectators gathered in the belief that his spirit haunted the place. And next, in 1872, a negro was hanged near from the site of the present Gainesville College building. His name was Byrd Brooks, and he was sentenced to death for rape. His execution was ever executed in Hall county.

A Strong Fortification. Fortify the body against disease by Tutt's Liver Pills, an absolute cure for sick headache, dyspepsia, sour stomach, malaria, constipation, jaundice, biliousness and all kindred troubles. "The Fly-Wheel of Life"

Dr. Tutt: Your Liver Pills are the fly-wheel of life. I shall ever be grateful for the accident that brought them to my notice. I feel as if I had a new lease of life. J. Fairleigh, Plate Canon, Col.

Tutt's Liver Pills

THE STRATTON BAND INSTRUMENTS

WILL BE THE COURT HOUSE

THE UNITED LIFE INSURANCE ASSOCIATION OF NEW YORK

IS ONE OF THE MOST DESIRABLE AND SAFEST LIFE INSURANCE COMPANIES IN WHICH TO HOLD A POLICY.

There is NO MEMBERSHIP OR ADVANCEMENT REQUIRED for expenses, thus insuring the FIRST YEAR over what other Natural Premium Companies charge.

RATES FIRST AND EACH YEAR thereafter, the same.

POLICY CONTRACT IS FREE, LIBERAL, INCONTINGENT AND INDISPENSABLE.

NO PERSONAL LIABILITY is incurred by becoming a member of the association.

NO RESTRICTION as to travel, occupation or residence.

There are no days from date of notice allowed for payment of Premiums.

PAYMENT REDUCED AFTER TEN YEARS.

NO PAYMENTS REQUIRED AFTER FIFTEEN YEARS until reserve credit to each Policy is exhausted.

The Maximum rate to the member in any year shown upon his Policy.

THE AGENT DEPARTMENT HAS EXCELLENT POSITIONS to offer to experienced, honest men. COUNTY AGENTS are invited to correspond with

J. T. McAllister & Co. Managers for Georgia, 27-12 Whitehall St. Atlanta, Ga. AGENTS WANTED.

August 21.

25 Cents.

"THE GUARDIAN ANGEL," the sensational cartoon Populist paper, of Washington, D. C., is an 8 page, 6 column broad sheet, printed on tinted and copper-bottomed and sold at 25 cents a year (in clubs). Send for it or send 2 cent stamp for a sample copy. It is a paper that is highly recommended by those who read it and get a new sample copy.

24 copies 25c. GUARDIAN ANGEL, Washington, D. C.

MUNN & CO., NEW YORK, 361 Broadway.

Untold Agonies

Every Limb Ached With Muscular Rheumatism

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J. T. McAllister & Co. Managers for Georgia, 27-12 Whitehall St. Atlanta, Ga. AGENTS WANTED.

August 21.

25 Cents.

"THE GUARDIAN ANGEL," the sensational cartoon Populist paper, of Washington, D. C., is an 8 page, 6 column broad sheet, printed on tinted and copper-bottomed and sold at 25 cents a year (in clubs). Send for it or send 2 cent stamp for a sample copy. It is a paper that is highly recommended by those who read it and get a new sample copy.

24 copies 25c. GUARDIAN ANGEL, Washington, D. C.

MUNN & CO., NEW YORK, 361 Broadway.

Untold Agonies

Every Limb Ached With Muscular Rheumatism

A Perfect Cure by Hood's Sarsaparilla.

The cause of rheumatism is lactic acid in the blood, which accumulates in the joints, and gives the victim excruciating pain and aches. Hood's Sarsaparilla neutralizes the acid, purifies the blood and thus cures rheumatism.

"Five years ago I had my first attack of lumbago or muscular rheumatism. I was in bed for several weeks. I had a good physician but he did not do me any good. A friend recommended Hood's Sarsaparilla and I sent for a bottle. At that time I ached in every limb, especially in my back and legs. I felt as though I had a fever and for a few hours at night it was impossible to sleep. I suffered untold agonies. The least motion of my limbs was troublesome. I commenced to take Hood's Sarsaparilla and felt a decided change in three days. I was able to get out of bed in a week."

Secretary Candler has just discovered in his office a record showing the first record that ever occurred in Georgia. It bears the date of the 7th of December, 1754, and in the twenty-eighth year of the reign by his majesty King George. It was issued to John Reynolds, Esq. chaplain, general governor and commander in chief in and over his majesty's provinces in Georgia, authorizing the Rev. Mr. Bartolomew Zouberbuehler, minister of Savannah, to solemnize the rites of marriage of Thomas Bassett and Elizabeth Mills.

Bicycle riders in Chicago are to be required hereafter to pay an annual tax of \$2 on each bicycle owned by them. A bill proposing a similar tax is pending in the Wisconsin legislature. There are in Chicago something like 100,000 bicycles in use, and the city fathers think their riders should be made to contribute something toward keeping in repair the streets and roads they use. In Wisconsin the wheelmen have been carrying on a vigorous agitation for road improvements, and the legislators propose to give them an opportunity to pay for some of the improvements they are so anxious for.

There have been, since the organization of the county in 1822, only two hangings in Hall. Both of them were legal executions. The first hanging occurred in 1832, and took place on the hill south of the Methodist church near the old village place. The culprit was Constantine an Indian, who killed a fellow Indian, near Brown's Bridge. Just across the river from Gainesville was the Indian nation, but the state exercised jurisdiction beyond its confines in the nation. Counsel was brought on a huge oak tree. He was hanged in the middle of what is now Bradley street, in the residence of Judge J. B. Estes. For many years after the warrior had gone to the other limiting grounds the spectators gathered in the belief that his spirit haunted the place. And next, in 1872, a negro was hanged near from the site of the present Gainesville College building. His name was Byrd Brooks, and he was sentenced to death for rape. His execution was ever executed in Hall county.

A Strong Fortification. Fortify the body against disease by Tutt's Liver Pills, an absolute cure for sick headache, dyspepsia, sour stomach, malaria, constipation, jaundice, biliousness and all kindred troubles. "The Fly-Wheel of Life"

Dr. Tutt: Your Liver Pills are the fly-wheel of life. I shall ever be grateful for the accident that brought them to my notice. I feel as if I had a new lease of life. J. Fairleigh, Plate Canon, Col.

Tutt's Liver Pills

THE STRATTON BAND INSTRUMENTS

WILL BE THE COURT HOUSE

THE UNITED LIFE INSURANCE ASSOCIATION OF NEW YORK

IS ONE OF THE MOST DESIRABLE AND SAFEST LIFE INSURANCE COMPANIES IN WHICH TO HOLD A POLICY.

There is NO MEMBERSHIP OR ADVANCEMENT REQUIRED for expenses, thus insuring the FIRST YEAR over what other Natural Premium Companies charge.

RATES FIRST AND EACH YEAR thereafter, the same.

POLICY CONTRACT IS FREE, LIBERAL, INCONTINGENT AND INDISPENSABLE.

NO PERSONAL LIABILITY is incurred by becoming a member of the association.

NO RESTRICTION as to travel, occupation or residence.

There are no days from date of notice allowed for payment of Premiums.

PAYMENT REDUCED AFTER TEN YEARS.

NO PAYMENTS REQUIRED AFTER FIFTEEN YEARS until reserve credit to each Policy is exhausted.

The Maximum rate to the member in any year shown upon his Policy.

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24 copies 25c. GUARDIAN ANGEL, Washington, D. C.

MUNN & CO., NEW YORK, 361 Broadway.

GOLD! GOLD!

I have under my control and now prospected some of the richest

mineral lands in the Gold Belt. Veins are large and worth from \$5 to \$15 per ton. We desire to place this property in the hands of capitalists in order that proper machinery may be employed for the treatment

of the ores that are in sight and free for tests and inspection. Capital seeking an investment cannot find a better opportunity to make larger profits than by investing in some of these fine mineral lands. Correspondence solicited and prices made known on application.

Address, J. W. WOODWARD, Care SIGNAL OFFICE, Dahlonega, Ga.

Feb. 4, 1905.

CLARKE, BELL & CO., PROPRIETORS

CITY PLATING MILLS,

Gainesville, - - - Georgia.

MANUFACTURERS AND DEALERS IN

Sash, Doors, Blinds, Paints, Oils, Plain and Polished Glass, Window Glass. All styles and Brand Brass Castings. Frosted and etched, cut to any size. Force Pumps, and sewer pipes, etc.

A complete stock of Piping and Brass Fittings and Farm Engines, Inspirators

W. B. Woodward,

THE LEADING

FANCY GROCER & CONFECTIONER.

I PROPOSE TO SHOW ONE OF

THE FINEST LINES OF

Cigars, Cigarettes

and Tobacco,

Canned Goods, Candies, Fruits and Nuts, ever opened in Dahlonega. A nice line of Stationery just received. College letter and Note Heads a specialty. Call and see me when wanting anything in the Fancy Grocery line. Don't give me your orders for country produce. Goods delivered anywhere in the city free of charge.

Respectfully, W. B. WOODWARD.

Stephen Rice,

Dahlonega, Ga.,

Buggy and Wagon } And General Black-

Builder. } smith.

HORSESHOEING

A—

SPECIALTY.

GAINESVILLE

IRONWORKS,

R. I. MEALOR, MANAGER.

General Machinists and Founders.

—MANUFACTURERS OF—

Steam Engines, Saw Mills, Syrup Mills,

Shafing, Pulleys, Hangers,

and Gearing. Iron and

Brass Castings.

STAMP MILLS

—AND—

Gold Mining Machinery,

Shoes and Dies,

Pipe and Steam Filling Supplies. Steam

also at the same time and place, the following property, to-wit: Lot of land No. 21 in the 12th district and 1st section of the said county of Lumpkin and State of Georgia, levied on as the property of Peter Elrod, to satisfy a f. fa. issued from the Justices Court of the 21st district, G. M., in favor of John Cables vs the said Peter Elrod. Levy made and returned to me by R. T. Harbin, L. C.

D. S. PREWITT,
Feb. 5, 1895. Sheriff.

Awarded
Highest Honors—World's Fair,
'DR.

PRICE'S
CREAM
BAKING
POWDER

MOST PERFECT MADE.

A pure Grain Cream of Tartar powder. Free
from Arsenic, Alum or any other adulterant.

40 YEARS THE STANDARD.

BEATS CHEAP COTTON

Atlanta's Commission Trade Offers Some Suggestions.

IT IS SUPPLIED BY OTHER STATES.

New York, Virginia, Ohio and Other States Find a Market Here—Georgia Shows the Advantage. It Would Be to the Farmers to Have Good Products.

"My firm," said Mr. O. L. Stamps, "does an annual business in produce of \$50,000. The bulk of it is shipped to us from out of the state. Louisiana, Alabama, Tennessee, Ohio, Michigan, Indiana and New York find a splendid market among the commission men of the city.

These states sell us with a profit the produce of their soil. New York ships to Atlanta thousands of barrels of Irish potatoes, and receives a good price for them. Tennessee also ships us large quantities of potatoes. Cabbage comes to us this season of the year from New Orleans and around Mobile, Ala.

Early in the year we get cabbage from Virginia, but the supply there is always exhausted by this time. Later in the spring Florida will ship large quantities of cabbage. We also get all of our butter comes from east Tennessee, as do our chickens and eggs. New Georgia supplies the Atlanta market with a fair per cent of the last two items. Onions we get from Ohio and in the main, Georgia pretty well supplies the market with sweet potatoes.

"List & Lovell," said Mr. Doolittle, the stockbroker, "have a large trade in the various articles of cotton produce you have mentioned. The amount of commerce, varies during the year, according to the season. We have been figuring for two days on the business of about a year and a half, and have the figures of an average month's business. Nearly all to put out of the produce comes from other states than Georgia. Nearly all of the butter and eggs we handle come from east Tennessee. I calculate that in a month we handle \$400 worth of chickens and \$600 worth of butter. Irish potatoes are shipped to us from the north and east and we don't want monthly at least \$200 for that one item. We don't get little better, but most of it comes from Tennessee. About \$200 a month would be a good average. Onions are an important item in our trade, and they are shipped to us from New York almost entirely. We handle \$1,200 worth in a month, and most of them go to the east. The sweet potatoes we handle monthly exceed \$100 in a month.

Mr. T. A. Marston, of the Southern Produce company, said that of all average crops, business of \$350 nearly 90 per cent of the produce sold came from outside the state. North Georgia supplies most butter and eggs. Virginia and New Orleans hold the cabbage market, and east Tennessee had a corner on butter, except what was sold by the north Georgia farmers.

"Warren, Tenn.," said Mr. E. R. Stanley, one of the city's best known commission men, "handles many Atlanta merchants with butter and eggs and chickens. This is a fortunate thing, as it judge from its daily shipments to the commission men of Atlanta. We get butter from east Tennessee. We get chickens and from the southern counties of Georgia. Yes, the Chicago better off in this time of war. We ship Irish potatoes from New York. Cabbage comes from Mobile, Ala. Louisiana and Virginia. Onions are shipped to us from Ohio. Georgia supplies the market with all the sweet potatoes.

Practically the same story is told by all of the commission men. Of course the aggregate amount of their monthly sales differ in amount, but they all repeat the same percentages of demand for the products mentioned. They are articles found upon every table. The demand for them, of course, comes from the people through the retail grocery men, whom the whole commission man supply. These representative firms quoted a few more ideas of the volume of business done by the commission trade of the city. As can be seen, thousands of dollars pass through its channels weekly. The bulk of the money goes out of the state.

If there is any practical suggestion in this commercial side light it is this, that here a fine opportunity is offered to the productive class of Georgians. There is a ready, anxious, profitable market for articles of produce that every Georgia farmer can produce abundantly and successfully. It is an splendid fight at the doors of Georgia farmers, and in this era of war and a tent cotton, it is especially enticing.

COTTON.

I asked Mr. O. L. Stamps why Georgia could not furnish the commission market of Atlanta with the articles spoken of.

"I know of no reason," said he, "except that the farmers are not so generally interested in the cotton. They have had it so long that they can't get rid of it. It's an old tradition. Why, there's much more money in raising these articles that we have been talking of, for which a ready market will be found all the year round than in raising cotton at over a better price than 5 cents a pound.

ONIONS.

"To illustrate," I know a farmer who from less than 20 miles from Atlanta who determined to plant an acre in onions instead of in cotton. The result amazed him. It is a fact that many of the commission men here know to be true that he sold in one \$200 worth of onions off that acre. If anything, the labor of cultivation cost him less than the cost of cotton seed, not look at the result. It is a good deal of land that will produce a bale of cotton. It is the exception. A half of cotton last year worth more than \$20. This man with the very best results in cotton would have made \$470 less profit on his one acre if he had put it in onions. The onions can be sold alone together in rows, and the rows

may be put close together. But that's just one sign. Cabbage could be raised here, too. There's no better country than Georgia for Irish potatoes, and the huge pile of money that goes out of the state every year for Irish potatoes could be saved if the farmers would plant potatoes for the market.

MILK.

"East Tennessee has every advantage over Georgia as a better producing country. Location of it, its situation and its climate give to the preparation of butter, if we get a consignment of Georgia butter, it is made up of a dozen casks of butter—some white, some pale yellow, and some yellow. A Tennessee consignment of butter is one color, and for the reason that the Tennessee man has a process of melting it all together. What is the cost of shipping butter from Tennessee? 'Well, it comes by express and I should say that the express toll and the cost of carrying would amount to about 5 cents a pound.

Mr. J. P. Petty believes in Georgia as a producing state, and says it could supply the market here if the farmers would turn their energy and attention to it.

"I have an uncle," said he, "who lives just over the line of Fulton, in Cobb county. Last year he planted a quarter of an acre of ordinary farm land in onions. I bought from him only \$145 worth of onions. This merely illustrates what the Georgia farmers can do in this direction.

"There is hardly an article sold by the commission men of the city," said one of the best known commission men in Atlanta, "that we as Georgia farmers could not furnish us. Farmers from all over the state could produce it and make a great profit off of them, and if they could do it, very certainly, in the west, it would be no more difficult for Georgia to do so well.

"As fine Irish potatoes as can be grown anywhere can be grown in Georgia soil. Marvellous cabbage can be grown here, and you would little think that it would be so easy to get it. Michigan, can be produced in Georgia. All it requires is plenty of water. Our Georgia truck farmers can produce it profitably.

"The butter, chickens, eggs, onions and other articles for which thousands of dollars go out of Atlanta to other states every week, should be produced right around Atlanta. Why, if I had a farm, situated conveniently to shipping point, I would not think of putting my land in cotton. I would put it in the northern and eastern farmers out of the Atlanta market and get some of the benefit. I have heard of some of the best of the commission men in Atlanta four or five brokers who represent big producers in the west. They don't want to sell and sell to the commission men. These brokers get a good profit on all their produce. The commission man gets a good profit, then add to that the cost of shipping and the profit to the consumer. The article is necessarily expensive before it gets to the consumer. It is sold all along the line. Georgia farmers who are located convenient to a market should plant this way and get the benefit and instead of pinning their faith to cotton, they should plant this. A profitable market can be found all the year round.

RAISING FOR MARKET.

The Georgia farmers who sell their produce to the commission men, "handles many a few. The few who do sell their produce do not make a business of raising for the market. In fact, they only have more than is needed for home consumption. Within a short radius of the city there are a number of thriving and prosperous farm families. They are not connected with the commission men. They have their own delivery wagons. They are directly to the consumer. In nearly every instance they have thrived. There is a large number of these farms, near the city. I know of one, near the city, 11 miles from Atlanta, who, three years ago, gave up the planting of cotton for raising for the market. He has more in one year from the latter than he did in three years from the former. He has a paying line of customers in the city.

ROOTS OR COTTON.

Question 3.—Please tell me to what depth roots should be planted. What depth should one plow for the best crop?

ANSWER 3.—This is a very reaching question, and covers an area which we cannot cover in a few words. As to the first, corn roots have been known to descend to the depth of nine feet. The answer to the second question is that the depth of plowing should vary according to the quality of the land and the nature of the soil. In a heavy soil, a depth of 10 to 12 inches is the best. In a light soil, a depth of 8 to 10 inches is the best. In a sandy soil, a depth of 6 to 8 inches is the best. In a rocky soil, a depth of 4 to 6 inches is the best. In a stony soil, a depth of 2 to 4 inches is the best. In a gravelly soil, a depth of 1 to 2 inches is the best. In a loamy soil, a depth of 1 to 2 inches is the best. In a silty soil, a depth of 1 to 2 inches is the best. In a peaty soil, a depth of 1 to 2 inches is the best. In a sandy soil, a depth of 1 to 2 inches is the best. In a gravelly soil, a depth of 1 to 2 inches is the best. In a loamy soil, a depth of 1 to 2 inches is the best. 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